GET IT
The New Price List of Cycle, accessories, will be sent post free on request.
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FREE TO CYCLISTS.
The New copy of our Price List will be sent post free on application.
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

EDITED BY B. G. HORNIMAN, 1918—19.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

VOL. IX NO. 162 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England)
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

DATE	STEAMERS.	TONS.
16th September.	DONGOLA	8,056
17th "	PLASSY	7,346
24th "	NALDERA *	15,825
1st October	SOUDAN	6,696
8th "	MOREA	10,890
15th "	EGYPT	7,941
22nd "	CHINA	7,952
29th "	MALWA*	10,941
5th November.	DELTA	8,097
12th "	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
19th "	DEVANHA	8,002
26th "	NARKUNDA*	16,118
3rd December.	MACEDONIA	10,512
10th "	CALEDONIA	7,572
17th "	MOREA	10,890
24th "	MANTUA*	10,902
31st "	PLASSY	7,346

* NALDERA, * MALWA, NARKUNDA, MANTUA } * Through steamers from Australia.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.
A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamers arrival.

SAILINGS TO THE STRAITS AND CHINA.

Date.	Steamers
16th September	DUNERA

SAILLINGS TO AUSTRALAIN PORTS.

Date	Steamer	
23rd Sept.	NARKUNDA	Call at Colombo
21st October	MANTUA	Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney.
18th November.	NALDERA	
30th December	MALWA	

REDUCED FARES BETWEEN BOMBAY AND COMLOMBO.
First Saloon single ticket 210
Second Saloon single ticket ..... £ 7
A Special three-months holiday return ticket, first saloon only, will now be issued at £15. All these fares are payable only in Rupees at the current rate of exchange with a minimum of 1s. 4d.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamer	—
9th Sept.	LHASA	Karachi direct
5th "	BANDRA	Busreh saloon passengers only
7th "	KARAGOLA	East & South Africa noon
8th "	BAMORA	Karachi & P. Gulf

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 124.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO,
10, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 165.
Telephone No. 1830.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Incorporated in Japan.)

ENGULED SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Malay Maru	T.Saito	26th Aug.	13th Sept.
Saigon Maru	X.Sato	8th Sept.	19th Sept.
Ganges Maru	R.Yamanoi	19th Sept.	1st Oct.
Peking Maru	K.Yamaguchi	7th Oct.	19th Oct.

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Ballard Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan).
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander,	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Hakata Maru	Y. Tomioka	5970	30th	12th Sept
Morioka Maru	B. Takiguchi	4469	10th	Sep25th
Tamba Maru	D Aoshiwa	5845	29th	13th Oct
*YamagataMaru	Y. Matsuda	3807	9th Oct.	10

*This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo and Madras.
For freight and passage apply to
S. TAGAMI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.
BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:
BANK STREET.
SUB-BRANCHES.
BYCULLA—Opposite Parsi Statue.
MANDVI Abdul Rehman Street.
SANDHURST ROAD—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.
SAVINGS BANK.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to any one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed to the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application at the Bank.
R. A. DON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA, LD.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL 62,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 40,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 3,996,320
DIRECTORS:
1. Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakordas, C.I.E., M.B.E.
2. Mangaldas G Parekh, Esq.
3. Chamanlal G. Parekh, Esq.
4. Hormasji Manekji Mehta, Esq.
5. Surji Vallabhdas, Esq.
6. S. N. Mulla, Esq.
7. Jeehanghai Ujamshi, Esq.
HEAD OFFICE—AHMEDABAD.
Local Sub-Branch—Station Branch.
Bombay Branch.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 3 per cent. per annum from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 special arrangements are to be made.
DEPOSITS for long and short periods are received on favourable terms.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed 4 per cent.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.
For further information and rules of business apply to the Bank's Manager in charge of the Bombay Branch. Mr. Tricumial N. Mody, No. 88-92, Churchgate Street.
GIRDHARDAS & SONS,
Managing Agents.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,58,79,86
Paid-up Capital and Reserves ... Rs. 2,86,79,86
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... Rs. 1,91,12,40
BRANCHES:
London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar 20, Apollo Street. Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed to Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

NOTICE to Savings Bank depositors from April 1st, 1921, interest on Saving Bank accounts has been INCREASED from 3 per cent. to 4½ per cent. per annum.
E. D. E BUCKLEY,
General Manager.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.
BRANCHES.

Amara	Bombay
Baghdad	Calcutta
Bahrein	Colombo.
Basrah	Hillah
Basrah City	Mosul

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 999,500
Reserve Fund ..... £ 266,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,005,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman,
J. H. Batty, Esqr.,
G. Gromley-Martin Esqr.
Emile Francqui, Esqr.,
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.,
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.,
Narottam Morarji Goculdas Esqr.,
BOMBAY BRANCH.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for short periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent., per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1894.

	Rs. a. p.
Capital Authorised	55,00,000 0 0
Capital Issued	50,50,000 0 0
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000 0 0
Capital Paid-up	26,15,801 15 2
Reserve Funds	15,80,351 15 10

Dividend at the rate of 16 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Rahon
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra	Ludhiana	Srinagar
Hapur	Multan City	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		Umballa Cantt

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to.—
DEN NAZ MEHRA,
Manager

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ...	£ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	$21,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,00

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE
48 Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Fooshow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yiotio
Hongkew	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.
E. H. LYND,
Agent.

INSURANCE.

IF YOU WANT A POLICY
FREE OF VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS & RESTRICTIONS FROM A COMPANY.
who deals with claims PROMPTLY & EQUITABLY WRITE
BRITISH INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
126, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.
FIRE MARINE,
MOTOR & ACCIDENT
INSURANCES
A. V. KEITH, Manager Accident Department. GEO. BROWN. General Manager

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE,
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA,
This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India.
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
P. BANERJEA,
Secretary.
EAR & CO.
Managing Agents.
Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and E.I.
202, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
By
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO LTD.
195, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Seorji & Co).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P., (Moolji) Jetha Co.), (Ex-Officio.)
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely safe without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers

According to the Govt. of India Insurance Blue Book.
The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.
THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.
Established 1891
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 6,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before assuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to:—

The Secretary	The Chief Agents,
209, Bow Bazar,	D. SEN & CO.,
Street Calcutta.	1 Chowringhee
	Calcutta.

Agency Applications Invited.

BHARAT INSURANCE CO LTD
ESTABLISHED 1896.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—Lahore, Delhi, Rawalpindi, Ajmere, Nagpur, Lucknow, Bankipore, Poona, Bangalore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta.
Funds exceed 35,00,000
Annual Income exceeds 7,00,000
Claims paid about 29,00,000
Specialities:—Moderate premia, ready advertability, prompt payment, female lives insured, etc.
Pushing agents wanted all over India.
LALCHAND SARNA,
Asst. Secretary,
B. I. Co., Ltd.,
Poona City.
Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd.,
Head Office,
Lahore.

THE
WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD.
(PANDIT, KAZI & Co.,)
SUNDRY EXPORT & IMPORT DEPARTMENT.
Sole Agents for the famous "Kronex" Rubber Soles and Heals and various Shoe specialities Importers of High class Suit case and Trunk Fittings and Locks.
Particulars on application. Trade only.
Telegram: "FASTKIP" Post Box No. 403, BOMBAY
Offices:—Krishna Building, Hornby Rd., (Near Empire Cinema.)

THE
HEAD OFFICE. 6/7, Clive St., Calcutta
National Indian LIFE ISSURANCE CO. LTD.
MARTIN & CO. Managing Agents.
Incorporated in India 1907.
INSURE UNDER AN ENDOWMENT POLICY.
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—
The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs
NO VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS—A SIMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT.
For all particulars and forms apply to
BHUGWANDAS NIRMALDAS.
Branch Secretary.
Bunder Road, Karachi.
M. S. HOOSAIN, *Chief Agent.*
Residency Main Road, Hyderabad (Deccan).
C. N. MADHAVA ROW,
Acting Branch Secretary.
LIPTON'S BUILDING,
33, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH,
Resident Manager, Calcutta.

Mr. Merchant
If you want to select your requirements from a big assortment and buy at cheapest prices, saving all middlemen's profits,
GO TO—
The Bombay Commercial Museum
It is the place
Where Manufacturers and Wholesale Distributors display samples of their commodities on payment of fees for such display.
Where orders are booked for you at exhibitor's standard prices without the least addition of any profits.
Where any business information you need is ready for the asking.
A VISIT WILL POSITIVELY PROFIT YOU.
Open Daily from 4 to 8 p. m. (S. T.) except on Fridays.
ADMISSION FREE.
THE BOMBAY COMMERCIAL MUSEUM BUILDING
Opera House Tram Road, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
TOTAL FUNDS .. .. Rs. 1,76,00,000
LOW PREMIUMS
LIBERAL CONDITIONS
WORLD-WIDE POLICIES.
Prospectus and all information may be obtained from Head Office, BOMBAY.
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.
Manager

THE MERIDIAN PROVIDENT INSURANCE CO LTD
24 CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, 2ND FLOOR.
WANTED
WANTED—INFLUENTIAL PERSONS to act as canvassing agents for the above Company.
The Company issues 1st and 2nd class policies at a monthly premium of Rs. and Re. 1 respectively payable for 10 years. The maximum amount payable under the policies being Rs. 500 and Rs. 250 respectively.
Terms on application.

THE BOMBAY WIDOW'S PENSION FUND, LD.
ESTABLISHED 1870.
No. 215, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Petit Library.
Funded Capital, Rs. 2,44,106.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.
Perfect Economy in Management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to Canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GAJANAN BABANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY
(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappy.)
Incorporated in Holland.
Established by Royal Charter 1824.
BOMBAY—Branch, Hornby House, Horaby Road.
FULLY PAID-UP CAPITAL f. 80,000,000 equal £6,666,666.
RESERVE FUNDS. f. 425,513,284 equal £35,542,774.
Head-Office at Amsterdam (Holland).
Agencies at Rotterdam and the Hague.
Head-Agency at BATAVIA.
BRANCHES.
Dutch East Indies:

Bandjermasin	Pekalongan
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Semarang
Djooja	Sourabaya
Djember	Solo
Kota Radja	Tobing Tingg (De)
Langsa	Tegal
Macassar	Telok Betong
Medan	Tjilatjap
Padang	Weltevredon
Palembang	

Straits Settlements:—Singapore, Penang.
China:—Shanghai, Hongkong.
Japan:—Kobe.
British India: Calcutta. Bombay, Rangoon.
London Bankers: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Bombay: Interest allowed on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance up to Rs. 100,000; if the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10 no interest will be allowed.
Fixed Deposits received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.
The Bombay Branch of the Netherlands Trading Society issues Letters of Credit grants drafts on the above Agencies, the principal continental places, South Africa, America and Australia, buys and receives for collections. Bills of Exchange and undertakes general banking business.
L. J. S. VAN LEEUWEN,
Agents.

GREAT FACTORY OF PETROL DRUMS.
In our factory, Galvanised petrol-drums of double seam; Anchor Brand Buckets, etc; etc. are manufactured by machinery worked by Electricity.
RATES MODERATE.
Trial order is earnestly solicited;
MUSAJI VALIBHOY PATRAWALA
Oppo Police Chowkie, Nul ...
BOMBAY No. 2.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Young energetic COMPOUNDER. Apply personally. RATILAL MAGANLAL & Co., Princess Street.
A R1293

WANTED—A SOLICITOR ASSISTANT. Apply to Messrs. MIRZA and MIRZA, 129, Esplanade Road.
A C10786

WANTED—CLERKS and LADY TYPISTS. Apply stating salary to Box No. 7181, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1299

REQUIRED by the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, qualified Christian, Jew, Mohomedan or Parsi CLERKS on Rs 40—3—125 plus 10 War Allowance.
A C10770

WANTED—3 DIVERS, full dress, good experience in block setting, etc., required for six months. Applicants apply EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Dredging, Bombay Port Trust.
A C10793

WANTED—AGENTS for to sell the products of the Venus Chemical & Drugs Manufacturing Company, Rapadwanj Pay Rs. 60 to Rs. 100 plus commission. Apply to the MANAGER.
A C 10701

WANTED—CAPABLE AGENTS on Rs. 75 per month for canvassing orders for the famous Moradabadi spoons and other brass articles. Security necessary. Apply for terms SURYA & SONS, Moradabad.
A R1244

WANTED—AGENTS on Liberal Commission to sell SHARES of prospective Lime business. Apply enclosing one anna stamp to:—THE PIONEER ENTERPRISERS Sylhet, Assam.
C10284

WANTED—A good SHORTHAND-TYPIST on pensionable pay Rs. 130—5—200. Apply in person with copies of testimonials to COLLECTOR OF BOMBAY, Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay.
A C10790

WANTED—Applications for the Secretaryship of a known Weaving Mill Co. in Bombay. Salary according to qualifications. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials stating lowest terms required to Box No. 7091, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A C1118

WANTED—CLERK for Commercial House with knowledge accountancy and typewriting. Salary according to qualifications. Apply in person ULTRAMARINE TRADING COMPANY, LTD., Wylie Road, B. Buildings, Byculla Club vicinity.
A R1305

WANTED—Respectable and influential AGENTS for selling the shares of a promising Limited Concern on monthly salary of Rs. 100 plus 2nd class Railway fare. Only those who are ready to give guarantee of selling 100 shares of Rs. 25 each need apply to Messrs. RENBY & Co., 5, Pollock Street, CALCUTTA.
A C10755

WANTED.—An energetic and expert WEAVING MASTER of long experience for the Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Co., Limited, Ahmedabad. Must have previous experience of Indian mills. Apply CHHOTALAL and Co., Shahpur, Ahmedabad with the salary expected.
A C10771

WANTED—Few influential TRAVELLING AGENTS on a monthly pay of Rs. 100 and Commission for U. P. Punjab and Bombay Presidency for our coal and oil mills department. Please apply by letter either to the MANAGING AGENTS at No. 5, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, or to our representative Mr. K. MUKERJEE, New Sarder Asram, Sitaram Buildings, Mornby Road, Fort Bombay.
C10756

WANTED.—An experienced and qualified ENGINEER for a cotton mill near Calcutta. The applicant must have thorough knowledge of Cotton Mill machinery, both spinning and weaving and experience of electrical installations. Good salary to a really qualified man. Free quarters and other privileges attached to cotton mill service will be allowed. All applications should reach Box No. 7170, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle" on or before the 25th September, 1921.
A 10759

WANTED—One SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON as soon as possible for service in Somaliland Protectorate, on the following terms:—Terms of Agreement Three years; Pay Rs. 260 per mensem consolidated; Qualifications, candidates must have experience of at least 11 years. Passage, Free second class passage from Bombay to Berbera and vice versa; House Accommodation: Free quarters while in service or an allowance in lieu. Selected candidate will have to undergo the medical examination and obtain the physical fitness certificate from the Government Medical Officer, at his own cost. Apply to Messrs. COWASJEE DINSHAW AND BROS., 121, Medows Street, Bombay, with copies of testimonials.
A R1302

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SOLE AGENCY WORKS of some good firm by an energetic, young Indian, well-up in business, proceeding to America. Apply sharp Box No. 7045, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B

WANTED—A COTTON SELECTOR of long experience seeks SITUATION in the mofussil as an Agent or a Factory manager, for particulars write to Box No. 7179, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1295

SITUATION WANTED—As a CASHIER, having 18 years' experience in Mercantile firms in India and abroad, recently returned from Persia after 6 years' service in the Anglo-Persian Oil Co., Ltd., of Mohamerah. Can furnish cash security of Rs. 5,000 or more if required. Salary required Rs. 200 p. m. Please write to Box No. 7172, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1278

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO LET—Newly pucca built big GODOWNS at Homjee Hall, Mazagon Road. Apply owner there.
C R1301

TO LET IMMEDIATELY Office Premises in Fort, central situation, space available 2000 square feet. Apply Box No. 7178, Advt. Dept.' "Bombay Chronicle."
C C10778

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

BALLARD ESTATE—Ground floor, suitable for show rooms and offices on upper floors in one of the best situated buildings with an all sea frontage on Ballard Road opposite BaHard Bunder near Mole Station entrance in AMARCHAND BUILDING are to let immediately in parts or whole floors at revised rents. For particulars apply to the owner on the premises in writing or personally daily between 12-30 p.m. and 1-30 p.m. and p.m. and 6 p.m.
5 CR1239

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc

ABOUT fifty second-hand POWER LOOMS of various widths FOR SALE in excellent working condition. Write or see from 7 to 9 Mr. JAL ENTI, Petit Orphanage, Lal Bag, Parel.
K R1300

FOR SALE—A complete STEAM ENGINE and BOILER with D pump. An opener and 12 Platt brothers' ginnings in good condition. For particulars communicate with us thus Ganeshlal Dunchand, Bankers and Contractors, Panipat.
1125

FOR SALE.—Complete GINNING and PRESSING FACTORY MACHINERY by Nesmyth Wilson with or without buildings and land. One semi-portable compound Engine and Boiler of 60 I. H. P. by Messrs. Marshall runs 150 lbs. Boiler pressure. Apply PHIROZSHAW & CO., Nshit Road, Mazgaon, Bombay.
K R1277

FOR SALE—Six Twist Ring FRAMES 308 spindles each 2-5/8in. gauge, 1-5/8in. Ring, 9in. Tin Roller 7/8in. Wharves. 5in. Lift Howard and Bullough make 1886. Two S. A. Mules 728 spindles each 1-1 4in. gauge, 16-1/2in. spindles, 3/4in. Wharves Platts make 1886. Offers to the undersigned W. H. BRADY & Co., Ltd., Mill Department, Church Gate Street.
K C10768

EDUCATIONAL.

C. C. EDUCATION OFFICE, Poona City coaches up students in Book-keeping for L. C. C. Ex., in Rs. 5. Enlist to-day.
M C1120

ENROLMENTS for London Chamber's 1922 Examinations, General Commerce Course will soon close. Apply principal immediately, DAVAR'S COLLEGE, Great Western Building, Fort.
M R1264

DARULULUM (Muslim School), Panchgani, RE-OPENED after vacation, arrangement made for admitting a limited number of new students, those desirous of sending their boys please apply sharp to A. K. WALSON, Principal, Darululum, Panchgani, or ROOSEINBHOY A. LALJEE, 903, Hornby
M R1276

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A COTTAGE PIANO FOR SALE—Excellent condition Rs. 550. Also table fan, pianola. Apply sharp R. D. PUNVELLIWALLA, Contractor Building, near Police Station, Lamington Road, Grant Road.
N R1300

FINANCIAL.

WANTED CAPITALIST, who can invest few Lacs in Tea Industry. For particulars. Apply to Box No. 7165, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
E C10743

WANTED—FINANCE, up to Rs. 5,000 at a reasonable rate of interest, for a concern in Bombay dealing in cycle and motor accessories. Please apply Box No. 7177, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
E R1284

FLOWERS, SEEDS, Etc.

LOOK FRESHEST GUARANTEED—12 packets Flower seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets English vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets Indian vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 plants young Roses varieties Rs. 6; 12 plants young Crotous Rs. 6; 12 grefted mango plant Rs. 12. Price list free on application M. DEVAPPA & SON, Flowerists & Seedsmen, BANGALORE CITY.
C10677

SPORTS.

GRAND RAFFLE—Apply to Messrs. HASSAN & CO, Residency, Indore, for a booklet of eleven tickets of Rs. 10. Single ticket at Re 1 each.
S C10722

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

WANTED—TEAK SLEEPERS 7ft. by 10in. by 5. Apply Box No. 7159, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R1255

FOR SALE—About 5,000 dozens pure Woollen Jerseys of five different colours immediately at Rs. 90 per dozen or nearoffer. For samples, etc., please apply to:—Messrs. CRAGG & CO., Middle Colaba, Bombay.
T C10714

SACCHARINE, to be disposed of just received Hermes Sealed 1 lb. tins saccharine 550. Case of 100 tins at Rs. 11/4 per lb. 50 tins at 11/8, 25 at 11/12; 10 at 12 lb. Apply F. D. MEHTA and Co., 85, Fort, Street, Bombay.
T R1304

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of certain buildings etc. at Deolali lately in the Occupation of the Base Remount Depot.

A list of the buildings and conditions of sale can be obtained on application in writing to the undersigned.

The buildings are mostly of corrugated galvanized iron sheeting on country teak bullie framing.
TA C10760

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.

SUPPLY OF PORTLAND CEMENT.

REFERRING to the last para. of the Notice published on 6th September, 1921, the time up to which tenders for the above will be received has been extended from 12 (noon), (S. T.), on September 30th, 1921, to 12 (noon), (S. T.), on October 3rd, 1921.

Old Custom House Yard, Fort,
Bombay, dated 7th September, 1921.
C10784

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,

THE BANK will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 15th instant, that day being a Public Holiday (Khordadsal), under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

R. A. DON.
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 7th September, 1921.
C10788

NOTICE.

WE offer under cost at the risk of the indentor 3 cases of Writing Paper as follows:—
432 boxes Wentworth Linen.
288 boxes Pimalbre Linen.
144 boxes Parchmount Linen.
720 boxes Cambric Finish Mourning Paper.
Inspection given and prices, etc., quoted on application to—

SKIPTERS & CO., LTD.,
16, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
C10789

NOTICE.

THE WEST INDIAN IMPORT CO., AND J. C. KARAKA.

ON and after the 9th Inst., the address of the above firms will be:—

NARANDAS BUILDINGS,
(2nd floor near Pathe's Buildings),
Ballard Estate.
R1296

COURT OF WARDS OFFICE BILASPUR C. P.

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that long term leases on sliding scale (vide page 31 of Law and Shellac by Limited [illegible] Korba and Pendra Estates in the District of Bilaspur, will be given on terms which can be seen at the Court of Wards Office, Bilaspur. Auction sale will be held at the District Court, Bilaspur, on the 24th September, 1921, at 2 p.m. Intending lessees are invited to attend the sale.

(Sd.) B. G. STEINHOFF,
Officer-in-Charge, C/W.
25-8-1921
C10714

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC AUCTION will take place on SATURDAY, the tenth instant, at 12 noon (S. T.), for the sale of buildings Nos. 5 and 6 Reading and Billiard Room and Bar and Canteen Room of Attached Section Camps, Colaba. The buildings are to be demolished, materials removed and site cleared to the satisfaction of the Deputy Assistant Director of Military Works, Bombay, within a fortnight from the date of order. The materials removed will be the property of the purchaser: 10 per cent. of the purchase value will have to be deposited as security for due performance of the work and the full value (in addition) of the buildings within two days from the date of completion of the auction. Auction will be held at the site of the above buildings. Any further information on the subject can be had at the office of the undersigned within office hours.

Major, R.E.,
for Deputy Assistant Director of
Military Works, Bombay.
5-9-12.
C10764

PROCLAMATION.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Percept to me directed I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the FOURTH SESSIONS of 1921 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on MONDAY, the 12th day of September, 1921, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs and oppressions, had done, or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to or dependent upon the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1921.

S. J. GILLUM,
Sheriff of Bombay.
C10621

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. DARABSHA ARDESIR COOPER, of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the below-mentioned property free from all incumbrances whatsoever to Mr. ABDULHUSSEIN MAHAMAD PADAMSEY and others.

All persons having or claiming to have any right, title, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever in, to, upon or in respect of the said property or any portion thereof, by way of bequest, charge, easement, exchange, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, mortgage, maintenance, possession, purchase, share, trust, wahiwat, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office in "Godavari Building", at Andheri, Taluka South Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed at the expiry of the said period, without reference to any such claim or claims, and the same, if any, will be deemed and considered to have been knowingly waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground known as "Shenkhaicha Wada" and situate, lying and being in the Gawthan (Village site) of Mauje Kondivte, in the Registration Sub-District of Kurla, in Taluka South Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, and admeasuring 2,500 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on or towards the West partly by the public passage and partly by the cattle-shed belonging to Elis Ales Kiryad, on or towards the South and East by the public passage, and on or towards the North by the land known as Gaugyacha Wada, belonging to the said Elis Ales Kiryad.

Dated this 7th day of September, 1921.

GAJANAN SADASHIV PATIL,
B.A., LL.B.,
Vakil, High Court.
C10787

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 969 of 1921.

(1) JOHN JOSEPH SILVESTER D'SOUZA, (2) CLAUDINA, widow of Jao Joze, and (3) MARIA LETICIA D'SOUZA, all of Bombay Christian Inhabitants, residing at Girgaum Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1) MIHUEL VINCENTE, son of Silvester D'Souza, whereabouts unknown, (2) ELIZABETH, daughter of Andre Felicino, whereabouts unknown, (3) HURGOWANDAS JIWANDAS, of Bombay, Kapole Hindu Inhabitant a Merchant, residing at Lohar Chawl, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants.

TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before his Lordship Mr. Justice KAIJI, on MONDAY, the 19th day of September, 1921, at 11-30 o'clock in the forenoon or so soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard by Counsel on the part of the above-named 3rd defendant Hurgowandas Jiwandas for an order that the said 3rd defendant Hurgowandas Jiwandas or some other fit and proper person may be appointed Receiver of the immoveable property at Cavel Street referred to in the Plaint herein with powers to recover the rents and profits thereof and to sell the same at an early date by public auction or private contract and out of the sale proceeds to pay and discharge the amount of money due by the plaintiffs to the said 3rd defendant as Mortgagee, and his costs of the suit and also a sum of Rs. 8,100 referred to in the affidavit of the said 3rd defendant in support of this Notice of Motion and also such further powers as to this Hon'ble Court may seem fit and that the costs of the said 3rd defendant of and incidental to this Notice of Motion may be provided for.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1921.

To,

John Joseph Silvester D'Souza, Esqr.,
Claudina, widow of Jao Joze,
Maria Leticia D'Souza,
Me.

(Sd.) SURVEYOR & CO.,
3rd Defendant's Attorneys.

Messrs. ARDESHIR HORMASJI DINSHAW & CO.,
The Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

MIGUEL VINCENTE,
Son of Silvester D'Souza,
1st Defendant.

ELIZABETH,
Daughter of Andre Feliciano,
2nd Defendant.
C10792

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of ANANDRAO RAMCHANDRA JAYAKER, late of Bombay a Retired Superintendent, of the Bombay Secretariat, Hindu ...Deceased.

SOKRIBAI, JAYAKER, of Bombay Hindu, residing at 130-132, Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, widow of the abovenamed deceased and BALAJI PANDURANG NAVALKAR, also of Bombay Hindu, residing at Post Office lane, outside the Fort of Bombay, Cashier, to Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., Solicitors, the executors named in the Will of the abovenamed deceased .....Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this thirty-first day of August in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one, and in the Twelfth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 1st day of September, 1921.

Messrs. SABNIS & GOREGAOKAR,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
C10774

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 521.

AUCTION SALE of valuable properties situated opposite Deccan College in Poona.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 18th September 1921, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) on site in Poona the bungalows known as Acherbanoo Lodge, Bai Lodge, Peace Hotel and five vacant plots of land situated opposite Deccan College in Poona.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT KALA CHOWKY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Unwala, Pirojshaw and Papa, Solicitors for Goostad Khodadad Irani in pursuant to the decree made on the 12th February 1921, in Suit No. 3036 of 1921, Goostad Khodabad Irani vs. Hajee Ismail Hajee Yusuf, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned valuable property on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser the said Hajee Ismail Yusuf on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of September 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY:

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground, situate at Kala Chawki Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 870 8/9 square yards or thereabout, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos.

New Nos. Old Survey No.

New Survey No. 2508, together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward F Nos. 1071, 10, 10A and 10B, Street Nos. 31, 31 and 31 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., on or towards the West by the property of Mahomed Marloo on or towards the North by a sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of the said Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited and on or towards the South by the said Kala Chawki Road, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of the Vendor.

For further particulars of sale apply to Messrs. Unwala Pirojshaw and Papa, Solicitors, at their Office, 48 Medows Street, or the undersigned.

THE AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT TITLE AND INTEREST OF THE INSOLVENTS IN THE BUNGALOW AND VACANT PIECE OF LAND AT SION.

Under the instructions from B. N. Lang, Esqr., the office assignee and the assignee of the estate and effects of Mangaldas Tribhowandas and Tribhowandas Hurgowandas, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 14th September, 1921 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises the following:—

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of Government Toka land or ground together with the bungalow or building standing thereon situate at Sion without the Fort of Bombay on the Sion Road containing by admeasurement 219 two hundred and nineteen square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 60, New No. 15617, Old Survey No. Nil, New Survey No. 2A/518 and in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under F Ward No. 8801 and Street No. 2368 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the said Sion Road, on or towards the West by the vacant piece of land of the said Tribhowandas Hurgowandas hereinafter second described on or towards the South by the property of Borah Jafferbhoy Ebrahimji and on or towards the North by the vacant land and chawl of Parbhudas Pranjiwandas.

SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of Government vacant Toka land or ground situate at the said village at Sion at the Sion Road and containing by admeasurement two hundred and fifty (250) square yards or there abouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay under Old No. 60, New No. 16617 and Old Survey No. Nil and New Survey No. 1/518 and in the Books of the Assessor and Colector F Ward No. and Street No. 23701 and bounded on or towards the East by the hereditaments firstly hereinbefore described on or towards the West by the G. I. P. Railway Line on or towards the South by the Sanitarium of Ranchordas Varjiwandas on or towards the North by the vacant piece of land of Parbhudas Pranjiwandas and Temple of Shri Devi.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Unwala Phirozshaw & Pana, Solicitors at their office Medow Street, Fort or undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 9th September, 1921.

MESSRS SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

AUCTION SALE of valuable immoveable property situate at Wazavli Road, otherwise called Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from and by order of Mr. Shamon Reuben the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Abdul Latif Abdullah the Mortgagor, and pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the said Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 11th July, 1920, sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 17th September, 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises the undermentioned property.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground containing by admeasurement 245 square yards or thereabouts together with all messuages, tenement or buildings, standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Wazavli Road otherwise called Lady Jamshedji Road on the Southern side thereof outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1121, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under G Ward No. 5010 and Street No. 338 and bounded on or towards the North by the said Wazavli Road on or towards the South by the property of Ramchandra cedneshwar, on or towards the East by a passage and beyond that the property of Haji Salemahomad Haji Abdul Latif and on or towards the West by the property of Pragji Dharmsey.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Judar and Solomon, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office 2 Deen Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 9th September, 1921

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
Telephone No. 4927.

NOTICE.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable immoveable property situate at Lalbag known as "Narayan Ashram" advertised for sale under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for Mr. Vrajlal Jivandas and others the mortgagees, on 17th September, 1921, is POSTPONED until further notice.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 9th September, 1921.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

128, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE of shell marble papers, flint enamel papers, Clemark popular sets, clock and oil stores bolts and nuts, razors, shoewares etc., etc.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 17th instant sell by Public Auction at their rooms at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) by order of the offices and Bank concerned and on account and risk of the concerned the following:—

10 cases shell marble paper size 13¼ x 17, blue, violet, dark green, brown and light green, about 400 reams (made in Belgium).
16 cases flint enamel paper size 13¼ x 16½, green, pink, black, scarlet, purple, orange and yellow in all about 698 reams..
1 parcel containing 1 dozen razors Clemark popular sets 7 blades.
1 case containing clocks and oil stores.
2 bales shoeware ex S S "Graz"
1 case iron bolts and nuts.
On account and risk of Mr. B. S. Rao
1 diamond Rose Earing.
A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable landed property at Tardeo opposite late Sir Adamji Peerbhoy Mill.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. F. E. Dinshaw, Mathradas Gocul and Nanabhoy Curseтji Broacha, Messrs. BENNETT and Co, will on WEDNESDAY, 28th September, 1921 sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises on account and risk of the Mortgagor Mr. Gokuldas Kerberda's under the power of sale given to the mortgagees in an indenture of mortgage dated 10th January, 1921, the following:—

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Broach Candy road near Tardeo, containing by admeasurement (12,475) twelve thousand four hundred and seventy-five yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector under Old No. 324 and 325 and New Nos. 13843 and 13844 and bearing Old Survey Nos. 108 and 107 and New Survey Nos. 1/7020, 1/7020 and 2/7020 with the messuages tenements dwelling houses, chawls, ranges, buildings, and shops standing thereon and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under D Ward Nos. 3738 (2) 3738 (3) 3739, 3740 (2), 3740 (2) 3741 (1) 3741 (2) and 3743 (1) and Street Nos. 119, 121, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5A and 7 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the West by the Tardeo Road on or towards the East by the land belonging to Shah Jagmohandas Vandrawandas on or towards the North partly by the Jivraj Baloo Mill and partly by the property of Dadabhoy Nowroji Todiwalla and on or towards the South partly by the Bungalow of Jetha Ladha and partly by the property of Jagmohandas Vandravandas and which several hereditaments and premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the Mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 9th September, 1921.

AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR CINEMA

Daily Change of Programme for
THE HOLIDAY MATINEES.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
FRIDAY, 9th September at 6-30 p. m. only.
DADY LONGLEGS.
A Mary Pickford classic. Will rock you with laughter.
SATURDAY 10th September at 6-30 p. m. only.
"1001 NIGHTS"
or
THE SULTANESS OF LOVE
Pathe's latest super-production. Not of our "Big 5." An oriental Pathe colour picture.
SUNDAY 11th September at 9-45 p. m. only.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
An All-Chaplin Programme.

THE EMPRESS

To-day Friday at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.
FOR THE FIRST TIME
In the History of the Moving Picture
A PARSEE PHOTO-PLAY
on the Bombay Screen
A rollicking Comic Five-Reel Social Drama Specially filmed—for the Pateti Week—
By MADAN THEATRES, LTD.
Adapted from the extremely popular and successful Parsee Drama
"AFLATOON"
By Mr. Pherozeshah J. Marzban, M. A.,
The Editor of "Jame' Jamshed."
It is a side-splitting Comedy, entitled
"TEHMURAS AND TEMULJEE"
They are twin brothers, one the exact double of the other. The one is a 'dam' t set dressy classy swell"—the other is a hopelessly orthodox pussyfoot! And there the fun begins!
ONE OF
THE HAPPIEST
HUMOROUS SKITS
MR. PIJAM
HAS EVER WRITTEN!
Commencing Friday the 9th September—Noroze day!
AT THE
EMPRESS CINEMA
(Lamington Road).

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 10 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS

THE EXCELSIOR

MAURICE E. BANDMAN presents the

Bandman Comedy Company

TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p. m.

The Mystery play in 4 acts by Geo, Broadhurst.

"THE CRIMSON ALIBE"

Booking at ROSE & Co. upto 6 p. m. After 7 p. m. at the Theatre.

EMPIRE

Daily Change of Programme

A Week's Repertoire for the Holiday Week Madan Theatres Ltd. has the honour to present

TO-NIGHT ! TO-NIGHT !

Friday 9th September at 4-30. 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

"1001 NIGHTS"

OR

"THE SULTANESS OF LOVE,

No. 1 of the "Big 5" Pathe's Latest-Super Production. An Oriental Pathe-Color Picture

Saturday 10 September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

An all CHAPLIN Programme. Reappearance of ever popular comedian in his past best and Greatest chaplin success.

Sunday 11th September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

"THE IDOL DANCER"

No. 2 of the "Big 5" A Love Story of Southern Seas. Produced by D.W. Griffith.

Monday 12th September at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

"QUEEN OF THE SEA"

A submarine phantasy and the world's triumph in the photoplay art.

Tuesday 13th September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

'BACK TO GOD'S COUNTRY'

Featuring the brilliant Star Nell Shipman A Tale of Love and Villainy acted with 16 kinds of wild animals in it

Wednesday 14th September at 6-30 8-15 and 10 p. m.

SEALED ORDERS"

William Brady's most pretentious film feature Featuring a gallaxy of stars including Kitty Gordon

Thursday 15th September at 4-30, and 6-30, p. m. only

"THE TRIUMPH OF VENUS"

The unanimosly admitted sensation Wondrously appealing and faseinating, blending of the "Fairy Land" and "Never Never Land" for the children.

Friday 16th September at 6-30 p. m, only

"DADDY LONGLEGS"

A Mary Pickford Classic Will rock you with Laughter.

IMPERIAL

TO-NIGHT

A PATHE PHOTOPLAY

SHE DID THE WRONG THING AT THE RIGHT TIME

Coming from DIXIE, inquest of her YANKEE Knights "IN WALKED MARY" at the height of his gay bachelor party. And it complicated matters for him and for her, But with a heartful of romance she found the key to his locked heart

SHE'LL UNLOCK YOUR HEART AND WALK IN So too Come and see

"IN WALKED MARY"

featuring winsome

JUNE CAPRICE

PATHE GAZETTE

Latest News

MAMA'S BOY

Poland Comic

commencing next week

A PATHE SERIAL

Charlie Hutchison in

"DOUBLE ADVENTURE"

TIME

Daily 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m. Saturday & Bank Holiday at 5 p. m. Sunday at 3 30 & 5-15 p. m.

PRICES AS USUAL

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

Will shortly be opened

Will shortly be opened

THE ALEXANDRA.

Bombay's New Picture Palace, with up-to-date contrivances and comforts, splendidly situated in a locality within the easy reach of all. Its efficient management leaves nothing to be desired either in selection of pictures or your comforts,

A VISIT

will give you that rosy mood which you expect after a day's WORRY

LOOK out for an opening NIGHT.

AMUSEMENTS

LAST TIME TO-NIGHT

Our huge treble-barreled Programme !

Consisting of

(1) ONE INDIAN MYTHOLOGICAL DRAMA.

(2) ONE SWADESHI MOVING PICTURE.

(3) ONE AMERICAN SERIAL

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers rejoice to be able to offer to their Patrons of th "Globe" a monster three-fold Picture Bill..

"Krishna Kumar"

OR

"Pradyuman"

6 Reels—A Hindu Religious Film produced by the Bharat Cinema Film Company.

Also 2 Fresh Episodes (4000 feet) of our popular Wander Serial

"The Carter Case"

THE SATYAGRAHA OF MAVLAS AT MULSHI PETH

Special Timings To-day. 2-30; 4-30; 6-30; 8-30 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

GLOBE CINEMA

(Sandhurst Road)

The First Star Picture of

"OUR BIGGEST SEVEN!"

TO-NIGHT !

THIS WEEK

MESSRS. K. D. AND BROTHERS PRESENT

Cecil B. DeMilles

PRODUCTION

"WHY CHANGE YOUR WIFE?"

A Paramount Artcraft Picture

(7 Reels 7000 feet)

Starring

GLORIA SWANSON

AFD

THOMAS MEIGHAN

It is a story of married life. It is staged in the rich and lavish manner of all the DeMille productions. Its leading players are Thomas Meighan and Gloria Swanson, who played the leading roles in "Male and Female." Bebe Daniels, who scored such a hit in "Everywoman," is also in the east.

"WHY CHANGE YOUR WIFE?"

The Question of all Questions

WHY DON'T WIVES REMAIN THEIR HUSBANDS' SWEETHEARTS ?

Most men change their Wives because their wives are too lazy to continue to attract them. Once the man loses interest he's gone.

"WHY CHANGE YOUR WIFE?"

He had no more faults that most men, but his wife acted as his governess rather than his sweetheart. So a dashing little model at the "Maison Chic" snuggled into his life and—the wife won in the end ! ! Come and see how.

A Comedy in the Programme

To-night five shows ; 3-30 ; 5-30 ; 7 ; 8-45 ; 10-15 (S. T.)

WEST-END CINEMA

(New Churney Road).

Keep your Eye

from any trouble, Cataract, Glaoca, Iritis Corneal Ulcer, Redness, etc., by our LOTUS HONEY. Safe remedy of nature, 1 dram Rs. 2-8, 2 dram Rs. 4 Postage Extra. Ask for Free particulars to.

NEW FORMULA CO.,
Kandi Bengal.

Dep. B.

INDIAN PROFESSOR'S SUICIDE

STORY OF PERSECUTION.

Lala Lajpat Rai writes in "The Independent":—

The enclosed letter tells its own tragic tale. Having myself been the recipient of many similar attentions from the British authorities in Japan and the United States of America, during the period of my exile from India, I can well appreciate the state of mental depression which forced Pt. Atal to commit suicide. The fate of an Indian Nationalist, outside India, is anything but enviable. He finds himself between two fires, viz., the Indian revolutionaries and the British Embassy. Both want to use him for their own respective ends. The British want to use him as a spy, the revolutionaries for Anti-British propaganda. It is easy enough to be either. The first opens the door to an easy and comfortable living; the other comes natural. In the first case he is shunned by his own countrymen. In the other he is pursued day and night by the British Secret Service men. Some times he finds it impossible to earn a livelihood. All sorts of mean dodges are played to embarrass and haras him and he begins to feel in the words of the late poor Pt. Atal that "death is preferable to dishonour."

However "moderate' a man may be, if he is once seen associating with a reputed Indian revolutionary outside India, his fate is sealed and he becomes a suspect and an "undesirable" in the eye of the British authorities. In a foreign land where there are so few of ones' countrymen, it is impossible to be fastidious about ones' associates, even if one is as cowardly as to be willing to avoid his countrymen simply for their radical or revolutionary views. The fact is that a slave, go wherever he may. He carries the brand on his forehead, and is expected by his masters to do nothing that might displease them. However, one may differ from his countrymen in political views and methods, one sees no reason to avoid social relations with them specially when he is in a foreign country where there are so few of them to mix with. While in Japan and the United States of America, I had the privilege of mixing with all classes of my countrymen, loyalists, moderates, extremists and revolutionaries. Some of the first and the second classes did avoid me. But I avoided none. I know that some of them had to explain themselves to the British authorities. The third and the fourth classes mixed with me freely, though at times I wished that the leaders of the fourth class would leave me alone. They were not, however, inclined to respect my wishes and at times I felt awfully embarrassed. A British Vice-Consul once asked me if I had received visits from a reputed revolutionary leader. I replied in the affirmative and told him, once for all, that every Indian, whatever his political views, was welcome at my place. The same question was put to me about half a dozen times in the U. S. A., and the same reply was given. My own personal views were so radical that it was quite natural for the British to make all sorts of presumptions against me. I am stating the facts to enable my readers to imagine the mental condition of poor Pt., Atal when he found that in the absence of a British endorsement of his agreement with the Japanese Government, he would become a penniless wanderer in a foreign land. Poor Atal had to pay the penalty of being an Indian. I commend this case to the Right Hon'ble Srinivasa Shastri and the Hon'ble Babu S. N. Banerjea who assure us that the Indians are and should be proud of being in this Empire!

The following is the letter referred to:—

"In the afternoon of the 14th June, 1921, Pt. Harnarnath Thulal Atal, Professor of Hindustani in the Tokyo Foreign Language School of the Japanese Government, committed suicide by taking poison. He left behind five letters and one memorandum which contains the reasons for his taing this extreme step. He states therein how he has been continuously persecuted by the British Embassy here and writes "Death is preferable to dishonour." He was prevented from attending a French school apparently because another Indian who was not in the good books of the Embassy, used to go there for learning the French language. He was prevented from subscribing for Indian papers, because the latter were considered by the Embassy to the in sympathy with the Indian Nationalist party of the Indian National Congress.

Pandit Atal first came here in 1916 as the Professor of Hindustani language in the Japanese Government Foreign Language School. Since his arrival here, the British Embassy here has been trying utmost to use him as a puppet in its hands. But Pandit Atal being a man of intelligence, education, independent views and patriotic feelings, rejected the despicable overtures of the Embassy each time they were made. Thus he became an eye-sore of the British Embassy people who rather caught a veritable Tartar in him. Although he was ordered by the Embassy not to subscribe to Indian papers, and not to mix with the local Indians, he treated the order with scorn and freely mixed with the Indians and told them how he was being subjected to oppression in various ways by the British Embassy authorities.

Pandit Atal used to tell his Indian and Japanese friends very frequently that he would not return to India so long as she was not independent. "In Japan, I am at least half-free but if I go back to India, I must become a slave again" he used to say. Before coming to Japan, he was in the service of the Indian Government Education Department in the United Provinces. During the period of his first contract with the Japanese Government as the Professor of Hindustani here for three years, he kept lien on his Indian post. But when the persecution of the British authorities grew worse, he sent in his resignation to India and thus cut off his official connection with United Provinces Education Department. His last contract with the Japanese Government expired in March last. Then he renewed it for another two years and sent the agreement to the British Embassy for endorsement as is usual in such cases. Though he wrote many times later, the British Embassy not only did not endorse the contract but even did not acknowledge the receipt of his letters. This apparently proved the last straw on the camel's back and he took his own life.

Now that he is no more amongst us, Indians and the world should know of his political views and sterling qualities of head and heart. He was a staunch patriot and lieved and died for the cause of Indian Nationalism. He felt so much agony at the miserable condition of his motherland, at the abuses and insults heaped on her by the British, and at the reign of terror by the English bureaucrats that he used to cry aloud like a child when he met his Indian friends and discussed the situation with them. His whole income he used to devote for the cause of India. His house was always open for every Indian and many needy Indians have received his help. His premature death has cast a gloom over the Indian community here and every one of them is overwhelmed with grief at so sudden a departure of such a noble soul as Atals was.

I give below an exact copy of a memorandum left behind by Prof. Atlas, which embodies his judgment of the persons and institution concerned.

"Majumdar: You are not doing any good work here in Tokyo. Neither for India, nor foa Japan.

"Madley: Thanks for your betraying me.

"The British Embassy: India will take the revenge for my blood.

"Christian missionaries: You are simply undermining Japan and Asia."

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

The case has been sent up for trial by the Cantonment Magistrate of two Indians and one European sergeant who was an accountant at Base supply depot, Karachi, charged with conspiracy to defraud Government of Rs. 51,372 by preparing forged vouchers in connection with Maundage contract at supply depot. Prosecution witnesses number 35. The accused were left on bail. Hearing is fixed for September 30.—(A. P.)

* * * *

Pending sanction of Secretary of State it has been decided to appoint adjutants forthwith to any duly constituted units of the Indian Territorial Force that are in process of formation, and steps have already been taken to select officers for the posts in question.

* * * *

A Mistri employed at the Baranagore South Jute Mill recently assaulted Mr. Duncan, an assistant of the Mill, with an iron bar. Mr. Duncan who received serious injuries to his face was taken to the Presidency General Hospital where he now lies in a precarious condition. It is stated that the mistri, who absconded had been dismissed by Mr. Duncan.—(A. P.).

* * * *

A Rangoon message of September 2nd says:—Rice market opened on Thursday at Rs. 630 on bear rumours from Bombay and Calcutta and also the hopes of Government interference. Fluctuations during the day were downward. Speculative dealings in next year's crop were also downward closing at 450/-, a fall of 20 points compared with Wednesday. Many August transactions were carried over to September.

* * * *

At the Police Court, Calcutta, 6 Mahomedan hackney carriage drivers were convicted of robbing and assaulting Mr. Marshall, an engineer. Of the accused one, a boy, was sentenced to one month, three to six months, one to one year, and another to eighteen months rigorous imprisonment.

* * * *

A Karachi message of September 1st says:—Mr E. L. Price, M.L.A., author of a recent book on Indian Legislative economics has received many appears from business firms to republish it in England. It deals with questions affecting Lancashire and India. Messrs. P. S. King and Co., are London publishers.—(A. P.)

* * * *

Dacoities are being reported as having taken place at Lucknow and in one that is stated to have taken place in a Hindu house on the 29th August dacoits bolted doors from inside and fired half a dozen shots and also took away ornaments valued at Rs. 600 from a woman and a girl.—(A. P.).

* * * *

The Madras Council reassembled on Friday. Among the public interest was one recommending to Government that 50 per cent. of seats allotted at different Government and aided colleges be reserved for non-Brahmins, Hindus, Mahomedans and Christians. The Resolution was not pressed.—(A.P.).

Lecturing before a big gathering of educationists on Mysore University Constitution at Bengalore, Doctor W. E. Clark of Chicago made a strong point against principalships in schools as the same had a tendency to play politics in purely educational matters, favouring instead seperate professional administration as distinguished from professorial work.—(A. P.).

At the All-India Hindu Sabha at Brindaban, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya in putting the motion on cow killing to vote advised moderation but the original resolution that it is the religious duty of the Hindus to non-cooperate with Government to compel the stoppage of slaughter of cows was passed and an amendment for postponement was lost.—(A.P.).

* * * *

The Court of the Judicial Commissioner for Oudh was closed for vacation on 5th September, Dr. B. J. Dalal, I.C.S., will be Vacation Judge.

* * * *

Lieut.-Col. E. A. Roberts I.M.S., third Surgeon, General Hospital, Madras was drowned on the 5th evening off the Elliots beach, while bathing. He is the brother of C. H. Roberts, who was Under-Secretary of State for India in 1914-15 and has a good record of service. (A. P.)

Exchange Bank Telegraphic transfer one shilling four eleven sixteenth pence and Demand Bills one shilling four twenty-three thirty-two pence.

The India Provident Co., Ld.

Head Office—29, Grey STREET, CALCUTTA.

An Appreciation.

"I am highly pleased to say that the India Provident Company surpasses all the existing companies in setting claims. I received payment within an hour after submitting the Intimation, which was quite an extra ordinary affair I experienced after a period of half a dozen of years spent in assurance business."

RASIK LAL BANERJEE, (118-2 Tollygunge Road, CALCUTTA)

WHY A WILSON'S GRINDING MILL SHOULD BE USED ?



1. Spass, Time and Labour are saved.
2. Grains can be ground fines and scares at will, one pound in two to five minutes.
3. Even a boy or a girl can easily operate it.
4. It is a pleasure and luxury to use one as it grinds any grains or cereals.

O. C. Mill Rs 30/-) Packing and forwarding.
Export Mill Rs 28/-) extra.

No family rich or poor should be without one,

ENGINEER & Co. PYDHOFIE, BOMBAY 3.

Pateti Special. **Pateti Special.**

Come One and Come All.

THE BENGAL SWEETMEAT EMPORIUM,

63, Sandhurst Road, Opp. Parekh Hospital.

The only place for Pateti Special.

Remember the Grand Old Man of India the true patriot DADABHOY NAOROJI and present your Dear and Friends the

PURE SWADESHI

CELEBRATED BENGAL-SWEETS

Take the advantage of the famous and the foremost caterer, and confectioners.

No Pateti and pleasure of the auspicious New Year's Day ceremoney except the pure Indian Sweets, especially without our wonderful novelty fruit dishes. Many choicest and palatable varieties for

RIGHT ROYAL TASTE

We cordially invite you to visit us once on your way to Chowpati which will surely repay you.

We guarantee purity and freshness at moderate price and execute orders very carefully and promptly.

Indian Capital—Indian Management

Godrej's Toilet Soaps

Guaranteed Perfectly Pure and Free from Animal Fats Made according to the Latest practice for High class soaps.

Expert Opinins :—

OFFICE OF THE CHEMICAL ANALYSER TO GOVERNMENT,
Bombay 25 September 1914.

Having made a careful and complete analysis of a cake of Toilet Soap sent to me by Mr. A. B. Godrej, I am of the opinion that it is a high grade article which satisfies to the full all tests applied to it.

It is a superfatted Soap peculiarly adapted for Toilet purposes and the oil present is entirely of vegetable origin. It is pleasant and economical in use lathers freely and contains a faint but elegant perfume. It is practically free from any uncombined alkali and thus is suitable for use on the most delicate skins.

(Sd) W. H. DICKINSON M. B., F. I. C,
MAJOR, I. M, S.
Chemical Analtyser to Government
Bombay, 21st August 1914.

I have carefully analysed a sample of Soap submitted by Mr. A. B. Godrej and find it to be a carefully saponified product of purely vegetable oils containing no free alkali. The Soap lathers readily, has excellent cleansing properties and will be economical in use. It is especially to be recommended for delicate skins on account of its freedom from all harmful or irritating ingredients.

The Soap is a credit to the skill and care of the manufacturer and in the matter of freedom from alkali and consquent harmlessness to the skin can be very favourably compared with the best English soaps.

(Sd.) J. Ross, M. P. S., F, R. M. S,
Analyst,

Most Of the imported toilet soaps, including those sold under well-known names, are made from animal fats, derived chiefly from deseased animals, and are weighted with such useless substances as sugar, clay, soda-ash, and bran.

GODREJ'S SOAPS are absolutely free from any dulteration and therefore last much longer than importe soaps.

FACTORY—Sankli Street, Byculla, Bombay.

ZARINA HAIR OILS.

THE DAINTY AND SUPERB HAIR DRESSINGS OF THE DAY.

ZARINA
Red Rose Hair Oil.
The favourite hair dressing so popular everywhere. Delicately perfumed with Otto of Virgin Roses.

ZARINA
White Rose
A colourless preparation appealing to all lovers of the White Rose.

ZARINA
Jasmine Hair
The pet of the ladies, a golden colour liquid, fragrant with the sweet perfume of the flower.

ZARINA
Cocoanut Hair Oil.
Made from selected fruits, Never turns rancid. Perfumed with Otto of Roses.

ZARINA CANTHARIDINE HAIR OIL.

The speciality of the firm. Unsurpassed a for promoting growth and preventing hair falling off

MADON, SONS & CO.

Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 8.

In consequence of 37 points reported lower in New York futures to-day the Marwari bazar opened easier at Rs. 482 for Fully Good M. G. Broach April-May and after touching Rs. 481 advanced steadily till Rs. 491 the rate at 3 p.m. being Rs. 940. The Badar finally closed at Rs. 489. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 487 and after touching Rs. 486 closed at Rs. 489. Fine M. G. Oomra Dec.-January opened at Rs 433 and advanced till Rs. 440 the rate at 4 p.m. being Rs. 439. Fine M. G. Oomra September opened at Rs 456 and advanced steadily till Rs. 470.

Our market for ready cotton maintained a firmer tone yesterday. Bull speculators were taking up high class Oomras, while Japan Exporters were buying nice ready lots of Broach and Bengal cotton. About 12,000 bales are reported to have changed hands. The Marwari Bazar and Colaba markets are closed on 9th and 10th inst Owing to Parsi Holidays. No reports will be issued on these days.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Bombay, 8th Sept, 1921.

New Fully Good Broach April-May,	489
Fully Good Bengal, September ..	340
Fine Oomra's,—September ..	470
" " Dec.-Jany. ..	437

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 8th Sept. 1921.

F. G. Broach	April-May, ..	490
Fully Good Bengal	September ..	335
Fine Oomra's	.. September.	465
" "	Dec.-Jany. ..	440

SPOT QUOTATION.

Bombay, 8th Sept. 1921

Description					
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab ..	355	340	325	..	..
M. G. Oomra's	No. 4	470	460	440	..	..
M.G. Central P.	No. 1	530	490	470	..	..
M.G. Central P.	No. 2	485	475	455	..	..
M.G. Broach	..	..	440	430	415	..
Southerns ?	..	..	..	425	415	4 5

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 7th September 1921.

Cotton	4852	Bales
Wheat	8881	Qwts
Linseed	639	"
Rapeseed	370	"
Gingellyseed	142	"
Popyseed	1325	"
Groundnuts	Nil	"
Castorseed	187	"
Rice	8663	"
Myrabollams	3 4	"
Cottonseed	2247	"
Mowrasseed	Nil	"
Gram	735	"
Jawar	299	"
Masur	Nil	"
Barley	249	"
Bajra	533	"
Coal	1773	Tons.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay 8th Sept. 1921.

Market Rates.

3-30 p. m.

Bank Telegraphic	1-4 5/8
Bank Demand	1 4 21/32
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s ..	1-5 1/3
Fcs. Demand	33
American Dollars	397
Honkong Dollars	200
Shanghai	279
Japan	187
Singapore	168

Market Steady.

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

8th Sept. 1921

	Per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass	3/4	78	0	0
Do.	1	78	0	0
Do.	1 1/4	78	0	0
Do.	1 1/2	78	0	0
Do.	1 3/4	82	0	0
Do.	2	82	0	0

COPPER RATES.

Bombay, 8th Sept. 1921.

	per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper	3/4	82	0	0
Do.	1	83	0	0
Do.	1 1/4	83	0	0
Do.	1 1/2	83	0	0
Do.	1 3/4	83	0	0
Do.	2	83	0	0
Japanese Copper Bars	..	not		
Panch teka joint	..	93	0	0
Copper English Bars	..	89	0	0
Brass Bars	..	38	0	0
Lead	..	47	0	

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds Daily Quotations Bazaar Rates.

6-0 p.m. 8th September 1921 Bazaar Terms;

Ready	Rs.	a	p
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	85	0	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70 30 ..	85	0	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	88	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	12	8	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	12	8	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	13	8	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	15	0	0
Linseed, Brown Thin	13	12	0
Teaseed, White 84-16	82	0	0
Teaseed, Gajar 78-28	80	0	0
Teaseed, Black	70	0	0
Teaseed, Gajar 80-50	75	0	0
Poppyseed, White	15	4	0
Groundnuts	83	0	0
Jawa	54	0	0
Mowraseed	8	8	0
Castorseed	56	0	0
Forward	**Rs.**	**a.**	**p.**
Wheat April-May	10	8	0
wheat September	11	8	0
Linseed May, ...	16	6	0
Linseeds September	16	12	0
Cotton Seeds ready delivery ..	44	0	0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, Sept. 8.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 29-12-6.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 29-12-6.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 95-10-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement Rs. 95-10-0.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS'

Sept. 8.

S S Jeddah Ward, Jeddah,
S S Zayani Marryless, Jeddah
S S Nairung, Geddie, Jeddah,
S S City of Adelaide Leary, New York
S S Ridderkirk, Poerpomp, Hamburg
S S Saigon Maru, Okaiva, Kobe, etc

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

S S Benvorlich, McMillan, Singapore.
S S Robbert Dollar, Ridley, New York.
S S Chakdara, Beedle, Busreh, etc.
S S Treglesson Stephen, Delagoa Bay.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Dimera for China.
Steamer Scindia for Liverpool.

S S Jeddah:—The I M Company's steamer Jeddah, 2523 tons, Captain P H Ward, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Zayani:—The P. G. S. N. Company's steamer Zayani 2527 tons, Captain J. E. Marryliss, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah, with a general cargo and passengers

S S City of Adelaide:—The W. and A. Graham Company's steamer City of Adelaide, 3178 tons, Captain J. Leary arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a general cargo.

S. S. Nairung:—The T M Company's steamer Nairung, 2897 tons, Captain A Geddie, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah, with a general cargo and passengers

S S Ridderkirk:—The E D Sassoon Company's steamer Ridderkirk, 3173 tons, Captain J. E. Koerkemp, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg with a general cargo.

S S Saigon Maru:—The O S Kaisha's steamer Saigon Maru, 2757 tons, Captain C. Okaiva, arrive din harbour yesterday from Kobe, etc., with a general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

S S Bevorlich:—The F F Campbell Company's steamer Benvorlich, 3221 tons, Captain McMillan, will sail today from Bombay harbour for Singapore, with ballast.

S S Robbert Dollar:—The F F Campbell Company's steamer Robbert Dollar, 6790 tons Captain M Ridley, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for New York, with a general cargo.

S S Chakdara:—The B I S N Company's steamer Chakdara 1581 tons, Captain L S. Beedle, will sail (to-day from Bombay harbour for Persian Gulf, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Treglisson:—The B I S N Company's steamer Treglisson, 2737 tons, Captain W. N. Stephen, will sail today frob Bombay harbour for Delagoa bay, with ballast.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 7th Sept. 1921

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 6 p.m. and 10. p. m

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	in.	29.717
Temperature of Air	deg.	79 9
Wet Bulb Thermometer		77 0
Dew Point		76 0
Relative humidity of Air		0 882
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky .. .. .. cloudy—10)		7:4
Maximum temperature of Air degrees		84 1
Minimum do do		76 0
General direction of Wind		SW, SSW, WSW.
From Midnight to Midnight		
Movement of Wind do.	miles	183
Fall of Rain	inches	1 05
Total fall during month	"	3 16
do. year	"	75 99
Additional fall of rain up to 10 am. of	8th Sept.	0 08

Madras Government have issued a press communique, in reply to a memorial submitted to the Governor by Sir P. Theagarya Chetty and others regarding mill disturbances. Government consider the suggestions in the memorial impracticable. (A. P.)

Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 94-14-0.

EXCHANGE.

On London Bank's selling T. T. 1/4 23/32.
On London Bank's selling D. D. 1/4 3.
On London Bank's buying 3 M/st D. A. 1/5 1.
On London Bank's buying T. T. 1/4 25/32.
On London Bank's buying D. D. 1/4 13/16.
Tone of Exchange steady.
On Paris Bank's selling D. D. Frcs. 333.
On Paris Bank's buying 3 M/st D. A. Frcs. 353.
On Paris Bank's buying D. D. Frcs. 343.
On Japan Bank's selling T. T. Rs. 186.
On Japan Bank's buying 60 D/st D. P. Rs. 179.
On Hongkong Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 200.
On Singapore Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 168.
On New York Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 390.
London Gold ready sh. 110-10.
London Silver ready 38 7/8 d.
London Silver forward 38- 3/8.
Tone of Silver. India bought; America sold. Quiet.
American Cross rate dollar 3.72½.
Paris Cross rate Frcs. 48.60.
Italian Cross rate 85.50.
Swiss Cross rate 21.80.
German Cross rate Mrks. 349.
Belgirum Cross rate 49.60.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan due 1929-47 84.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1922 100-10.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 76.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 97.
3½ per cent. Paper 59-8.
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 65.
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930 96.
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 65.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49 96.
4 per cent. Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 65.

COLOUR-MARKET.

Bombay, Sept. 8.

The market for Dyes continues weak and the prices quoted are only nominal. Slight improvement is reported in the market for Alizarine 20 per cent. ordinary quality. Directs had no good demand. Sulphers had some demand and some business reported at the ruling rates. The demand on the whole is slack and the tone is more in favour of the buyers. Poor business has affected the indenting business. The home prices are also lower and the exchange is slightly improved in favour of the importers; still the absence of healthy demand does not permit the forward business.

Quotations:—
Congo-Red Rs. 3-4-0 to 3-12-0 per lb.
Magnta Crystals Rs. 14-8-0 per lb.
Benzo Purpurine 4B Rs. 4 per lb.
Benzo Purpurine Conc Rs. 7 per lb.
Delta Purpurine Rs. 7/8 per lb.
Alizarine 20 per cent. Rs. 130/140 per cwt.
Nigrosene Crystals Rs. 3-8-0 per lb.
Hemetine Crystals Rs. 2 per lb.
Metanil Yellow Rs. 2/3 per lb.
Sulpher Black Rs. 2-12-0 per lb.
Fast Red Madrasi Rs. 11 per lb.

MILL STORES MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 8.

The market is closed for three days. No activity was evident. The tone continued dull with poor demand. Home-tendency is lower.

THE WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, September 7.

Storm from the Bay is entering south-east Rajputana and is giving widespread rain but this has not been heavy except in Central India west. Depression off Kathiawar persists but is less marked. Rainfall has been nearly general in Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Central India west, Central Provinces, Konkan and Malabar and local in Lower Burma. United Provinces, east and north Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India east and Coorg. A few falls also occurred in Upper Burma, Assam. Bihar North-east Baluchistan, Bombay Deccan, South-east Madras.

Principal amounts:—Mussooree one and half inches, Simla. Dalhousie one, Murree one and half, Hissar, Sialkot Harnai a half Neemuch one and half, Indore four, Pachmarhi, Pendra one, Bombay two, Negapatam one and half.

Forecast:—Increase in Punjab, Rajputana and Gujerat.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 8th September, 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours:—

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in excess. Day temperature is lower than usual at Lahore and night temperature is above normal at Multan.

The United Provinces.—There has been nearly general rain. Agra reports 0.29in., Mainpuri 0.45in., Jhansi 0.70in. and Allahabad 1.69in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—There has been nearly general rain in south and central Rajputana. Kotah reports a heavy fall of 2.60in., Mount Abu has had 1.41in. and Jodhpur 0.23in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity is generally in excess. Day temperature is lower than usual at Kotah.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general over the division. Bhavnagar-Para reports a heavy fall of 3.45in.; Bhuj has had 0.57in., Rajkot 1.45in., Surat 1.58in., Ahmedabad 0.35in., Deesa 1.60in., Neemuch 2.02in. and Indore 0.33in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in excess. Day temperature is lower than usual in Gujarat and Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Rain has fallen locally except in the south-east of the reporting area. Jubbulpore reports 0.48in., Hoshangabad 0.12in., Khandwa 1.20in. and Akola 0.25in. Skies are moderately clouded and in the north-west of the division day temperature is slightly lower than usual.

The Konkan.—All stations report rain. Bombay has had 0.13in., Ratnagiri 0.28in., Mormugao 0.90in. and Karwar 0.82in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 0.25in. of rain and Hyderabad 0.12in. Skies are heavily clouded at Poona, Sholapur and Bijapur and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Aurangabad, Sholapur and Nizamabad and day temperature is above normal in Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—The storm from the Bay of Bengal which lies as a shallow low pressure area over east Rajputana and the low pressure area which has been persisting off the Kathiawar coast for the last two or three days have given widespread rain in Gujarat, Kathiawar, Central India West, south and central Rajputana and the United Provinces. Rain has also been nearly general in the Konkan and local in the Central Provinces with a few falls in Malabar, the south Bombay Deccan, south Hyderabad and the Madras Deccan. The falls have been heavy at Bhavnagar-Para and Kotah which report 3.45in. and 2.60in. respectively; other principal amounts are Rajkot 1.45in., Surat 1.58in., Deesa 1.60in., Neemuch 2.02in., Khandwa 1.20in. and Allahabad 1.62in.

Forecast.—Rainfall is likely to be nearly general in the Konkan, Gujarat, Kathiawar, Central India West, Rajputana and the United Provinces and local in the Central Provinces, Sind and the Punjab. A few falls may occur in Malabar and in the interior of the Peninsula.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 7th September, 1921:—

The storm from the Bay is entering south-east Rajputana and is giving widespread rain, but this has not been heavy except in Central India west. The depression off the Kathiawar coast persists, but is less marked. Rainfall has been nearly general in Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Central India west, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, and Malabar and local in Lower Burma, the United Provinces, the east and the north Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India east and Coorg. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, Assam, Bihar, Kashmir, north-east Baluchistan, the Bombay Deccan and south-east Madras.

Principal amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Mussooree one and a half inches; Simla, Dalhousie one; Murree one and a half; Sialkot, Harnai a half and Pachmarhi, Pendra one.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hrs to 8 a.m. of 8th Sept 1921.	Total since 1st June 1921.		June 1st to Sept. 8th.	
				1919.	1920.
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.		In. Ct.	In Ct
Colaba (Observatory)	0 13	76 07	59	92	36 16
Fort (St. Gs. Hgt.)	0 51	78 65	65	77	41 10
Esplanade (Gov. Sc. Hospital ..	0 40	71 72	62	79	40 08
Byculla (J. J. Hgt.)	0 76	77 42	70	43	40 50
Kamp & Co. (C. Hill)					

SUN MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

HIGH WATER

Day of Week	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Still.
		h. m.	ft. in
Wanesday.	14th Sept	m9 52	26 1
		9 54a	25 3

LOW WATER

Day of Week	Day of Month	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Still
		h. m	ft. in
Wanesday	14th Sept	m3 2	18 7
		3 54a	18 10

The "Leader" commenting on Viceroy's speech says the utterance is calculated to inspire confidence. (A. P.)



Sores from Wrist to Elbow

"Completely Healed"

Our portrait is of Mr. John Kidd, of 17, Mill Lane, Kilmarnock, Scotland, who writes:—"My right arm became covered with sores from wrist to elbow and was useless for over two years. I tried different ointments and so-called cures, but they never did me any good. Then I tried your 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' and the sores soon began to heal up and power began to come back to my arm, so I persevered with the Mixture, and after having four bottles am glad to say my arm is completely healed up and I have now the full use of it." In a further letter over a twelvemonth later Mr. Kidd writes: "I have had no return of my complaint; my arm is still as sound as a bell and never troubles me in the least."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE, by reason of its remarkable blood purifying properties, can be relied upon to give speedy relief and lasting benefit in cases of Eczema, Bad Legs, Abscesses, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, Eruptions, Piles, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Gout. Pleasant to take and free from anything injurious. *Of all dealers. Ask for and see you get—*

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Take a Home Safe and save your surplus regularly to make a provision for the rainy days,

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LEPROSY & LEUCODERMA.

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Guaranteed Scientific Cure for Leprosy just discovered. Cures anasthesia, lost eyes, copper spots, ulcers, nodules, sore feet, and all kindred troubles of all varieties of leprosy and para-leprosy in a very short time by medicines for internal use and fumigation local application and bath. Whole cet lasts 3 months Rs. 15 Cure within 4 to 6 months. Leucoderma—specifics remove white patches like a magic. Lost pigments restored. Cures in 3 months. Both internal and external medicines at Rs. 10 per set to last one month.

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MAHIJAN, E. I. R.

Treacher & Co.

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General Merchants,
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BEST EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES
Rose of Egypt
Preacher's Well-Known
SUPARI TOOTH PASTE

Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

You cannot be healthy and strong unless you get your liver, stomach and your bowels functioning correctly. Nor can you afford to ignore any signs of disorder in these organs. Dangerous illness often results from neglect.



TRADE MARK on every genuine package of Doan's Ointment.

Do you suffer from biliousness? Heartburn? Headaches? Sickness? Constipation? Indigestion?

Is your appetite poor? Does your food disagree with you? Are there stomach pains? Is the complexion sallow or the skin blotchy and pimply? Do you sleep badly and wake up tired and irritable?

Doan's Dinner Pills are a reliable medicine for any disorder of the liver, stomach and bowels. They regulate digestion and so ensure new, rich, life-giving blood. They strengthen the bowels and promote a natural action. They have no griping or binding effect, and do not start a medicine-taking habit.

An occasional dose of Doan's Dinner Pills will cleanse and tone the entire digestive system, overcome all tendency to sluggish liver or constipation, and brace you up in every way.

But do not rely entirely upon a regulative medicine; try to keep well by nature's plan. Careful living, plain wholesome diet, daily exercise, and a glass of water night and morning shoould ensure to you a maintenance of the sound health which Doan's Dinner Pills have restored.

Doan's Dinner Pills are sold in three size bottles; prices As. 4, 8 and 12 per bottle; obtainable from all dealers.

A Few of our Rates:—

SUITS, SILK, CLEANING Rs. 2/& 2/8 each
" CASHMERE " Rs.2/8&3/8 each

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DRY FRENCH & CHEMICAL CLEANERS
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Feed Brain your Nerves and
WITH
REGINUS

HEALTH STRENGTH
VITALITY REVIVED.

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BLOOD MIXTURE—All sorts of blood poison scurvy, erruptions are cured from the system thoroughly. Bot. Rs. 3

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BOMBAY,

The Greatest Friend of the Students,

Our World-renowned ATANK NIGRAH PILLS are the greatest Friend of Students as they sharpen the memory, refill the empty brain, impart fresh vigour and give tone to the entire system.

A TIN WITH 32 PILLS
Costs only a Rupee.

Vaidya Shastri Manishankar Govindji,

ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamnagar, Kathiawar
Bombay- Kalbadevi

Superior POROUS PLASTERS

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Greatly improved and in every respect a superior plaster These excellent plasters are a great help to all who suffer with a weak spine and pains in the back or side. Those who suffer with lung trouble should always wear one of those plasters on the chest and another on the back. They produce a grateful feeling of warmth and are a valuable protection from colds.

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will find in them great relief from the pains in the back and loins from which they so generally suffer.

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SPORTING NEWS.

FIRST MEETING 4TH DAY

HANDICAPS.

(From our own Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 8.

The following are the handicaps for the Poona First Meeting, Fourth Day, to be held on next Saturday:—

THE STAND PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Not Much 9-6, Poignant 9-5, Western Wave 9-2, Royal Charter 8-12, Aleli 8-11, Simon's Choice 8-10, Bruce Lodge 8-8, Verge 8-6, Nottatweel 8-5, Brendan 8-5, Senparison 8-0, Carborundum 8-0, Monteith 7-13, Double or Quits 7-12, Charlie's Smile 7-12, Violinist 7-11, Owen Roe 7-9, Cally 7-8, Dromio 7-4.

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Distance about 6 furlongs.

Lord Setay 9-12, Liberty 9-6, Eudoxus 9-5, Belvedere 9-4, Divide 9-3, Arclight 9-2, Fretwork 9-2, Crushed Glass 8-13, Little Cell 8-11, Dayspring 8-11, Pompano 8-9, Trostan 8-8, Fussy 8-6, Belle Syme 8-4, Murmansk 8-2, Piccolo 8-2, Double Win 8-0, Dialect 8-0, Dori 7-13, Catchup 7-11, Lover True 7-9, Verna 7-5, Mist 7-5, Miserable 7-0.

THE POONA CESAREWITCH.—Distance 2½ miles.

Misri Lal 9-9, Silver Saint 9-6, Gadtuna 9-0, Plaxtol 8-10, La Hogue 8-7, Marcodia 8-7, Thunder 8-7, Pourboire 8-3, Ramadan 8-3, Dori 8-1, Gunning 8-0, Fleurbaix 7-12, Cyanite 7-12, Baby Blake 7-10, Joyous Gard 7-10, White Bell 7-10, Spearwood 7-9 Millmount 7-9, Belstead 7-7, Quarterly 7-4, Heir at Law 7-3, Laodicea 7-3, Way of an Eagle 7-0, King's Own 6-12, White Simon 6-12, Sage 6-4.

THE LAWN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Resident 9-10, Khundil 9-6, Andolis 9-6, Trade Mark 9-2, Warminster 9-0, Ferry Boat 8-12, Summerton 8-10, Silver Streak 8-10, Nizam-ul-Mulk 8-9, Karikata 8-9, Waterloo 8-7, Zuheir 8-6, Chieftain 8-3, Balloon 8-1, Bismark 7-13, Khaboor 7-13, Investor 7-12, Tit Bits 7-10, Arvil 7-9, Tiger 7-8, Yadghar 7-8, Huntsman 7-8, Taj 7-6, Honest Beauty 7-6, Anxious 7-6, Shamavaz 6 12.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division I. —Distance 6 furlongs.

Woorali 10-6, Mossley 9-12, Royal Jewel 9-6, Balira 9-5, Stellite 9-5, Sospello 9-1, Eiderdown 9-0, Japonette 8-12, Nurse Bobs 8-10, Glass Rock 8-9, Lady Ard 8-7, Sunline 8-7, Box o' Tricks 8-2, Maiden Palm 8-1, Soft Note 8-0, Gavrelle 7-13, South Star 7-12, Binfield Grove 7-10, Undies 7-9, Bohea 7-9, Rosey Tread 7-8, Lord Jim 7-7, Cherry Girl 7-6, Cork Glass 7-4, Fire Finch 7-2, Magnificence 7-0.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division II. —Distance 6 furlongs.

Cerago 9-12, Reciprocity 9-12, Cahir Lass 9-6, Black Water 9-6, Penny Pie 9-3, Elsewise 9-0, Gold Reef 9-0, Walhachin 8-11, The Pony 8-10, Lady Rheims 8-8, Pine Box 8-7, Mirabelle 8-6, Bathurst 8-3, Luana 8-0, Allensmore 8-0, White Poppy 7-13, Old Sport 7-11, Forrard Away 7-10, Very Little 7-10, Mary's Lamb 7-8, Aulivia 7-8, Destia 7-7, Troop Leader 7-6, Warburton 7-3, Milk Maid 7-2.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division III. —Distance 6 furlongs.

Archer 9-12, Cracknel 9-10, Pine Tree 9-6, Greenfield 9-6, Huon River 9-2, Princess Ila 9-0, Nerissa 9-0, Gold Quartz 8-10, Wild Woman 8-9, Oregon Pine 8-8, Some Scribe 8-7, Reconquista 8-5, Sandra 8-4, Zea 8-1, Birthday Clothes 7-13, Tourney 7-12, Prime Boy 7-10, Rock Ferry 7-10, Pretty Margaret 7-9, Way of an Eagle 7-9, My Patsey 7-8, Ho Ho 7-6, Sage 7-4, Leicester Square 7-3, Landlady 7-2, Vaucluse 6-13.

ENGLISH RACING.

POLEMARCH WINS ST. LEGER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

The following is the result of the St. Leger:—

Lord Londonderry's Polemarch ..... 1.
Lord Carnarvon's Franklin ..... 2.
Lord Glanely's Westward Ho ..... 3.

LATEST BETTING ON ST. LEGER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

The following is the latest betting on the St. Leger:—

2 to 1 on Craiganeran.
13 to 2 against Thunderer.
8 to 1 ayainst Westward Ho.
100 to 8 against Franklin.
25 to 1 against Foundation, and Polly Flinders.
33 to 1 against others.

HORSES SCRATCHED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

The following scratchings are announced:—

Granely at 1-10 p.m. yesterday.
Glorioso and Star of Blyth at 9 a.m. today.

RACING IN ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Recd. 11-15 p.m., Sept. 8.

St. Leger:—Roman Fiddle was ridden by Hulme; Franelin was ridden by Gardener.

Omit:—Golden Myth; Napolyon; Beau Regard; Polly Plinders; Star of Blythd Gloriosd; Granely.

Final Betting.—50 to 1 against Polemarch; 100 to 8 against Franklin; 8 to 1 against Westward Ho; 4 to 1 on Craig an Eran.

Place Betting:—6 to 1 against Polemarch; 7 to 4 against Franklin; 5 to 4 on Westward Ho.

Nine ran. Won by one and a half lengths, three lengths separating second from third. Franklin led for a quarter of mile when Tremola came to front and led hold by six lengths at a mile. Entering straight Franklin, Westward Ho and Graig an Eran were racing abreast but a furlong from home Polemarch took lead and won easily Craig an Eran the favourite finished fourth.

DAVIS CUP.

SHIMIDZA AND KUMAGAE BEATEN INDOUBLES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 4.
Recd. 4-50 p.m. Sept. 8.

In the Davis Cup Doubles Williams and Washburn beat Shimidzu and Kumagae 6—2, 7—5, 4—6, 7—5.

AUSTRALIANS VS. SOUTH OF ENGLAND.

FORMER'S BIG LEAD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

When the match between the Australians and the South of England was continued at Hastings to-day, the Englishmen were disposed of in their second innings for 197 in just over two hours. Lee made 64 without giving a chance. His innings included six fours. Armstrong took four wickets for 51 and Mailey four for 97.

EXPERT DRIVING OF WILLIAMS.

JAPS' PRETIY PLACEMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 4.
Recd. 8-0 p.m. Sept. 8.

New York.—The team work of Williams and Washburn was far superior to their opponents who frequently were forced out of position. Two placements by Washburn materially assisted in givings the Americans the lrst set. The Americans took their place at net in the second set smashing the Japs' returns, the latter trying to lob most of their lifts howefer being short. The Americans made numerous errors in the Third set. Kumagae effected several pretty placements during the game at the beginning of th efourth set which went alternately to the Japanese and the American sbut in the fifth game of that set the Japanese forged ahead after deuce was called on errors of Washburn and clever playing of Kumagae. Expert crosscourt driving by Williams was the turning point in the Ninth game and in the tenth Williams put the Americans in lead with two placements to which Washburn added another.

AUSTRALIANS BEAT SOUTH OF ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

The Australians beat the South of England by an innings and 46 runs.

Players beat Gentlemen at Scarborough to-day by 198 runs.

SOVIET RUSSIA'S APPEAL FOR CREDIT.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN M. NANSEN AND MOSCOW SOVIET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

Geneva.—The text of the agreement between M. Nansen and the Moscow Soviet signed on August 27th is published. The Soviet asks for the credit of ten millions sterling from the European Governments and declares its readiness to assume the obligations demanded of it. It says that the distribution of relief will be carried out through the International Relief Committee at Moscow assisted by a limited number of representatives of the chief lending nations.

AUSTRIANS RE-OCCUPY KILOSCHLUG

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

Paris.—The Austrians have reoccupied Kiloschlug.

AMERICAN NOTE ON MANDATE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

Washington.—The Government has addressed a new Note to all the Allies as regards mandates.

CABLE ITEMS.

A New York message states.—The Excitement in the cotton market is undiminished. Rice also advanced to the maximum permitted in any day's trading and closed strong, two-huundred points higher.

Paris.—A regular Paris-Warsaw aeroplane crashed at Le Bourget. The Pilot and four passengers were killed.

The death of Sir Salter Pyne, formerly Chief Engineer to the Government of Afghanistan, is announced.

Nairobi.—Military Authorities state there have been no further Abyssinian raids into Kenya and all is quiet in districts which were recently raided.

New York.—Barnes, American Champion, beat Hutchison. British Champion, 5 up and 4 to play in 36 hole golf match for a purse of 2,000 dollars.

FORCED "WHOLESALE CONVERSION."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 7.

The story of wholesale conversion of a retired Nair official, his family, and servants numbering in all 40 is confirmed by a near relative who has reached Palghat from Malappuram. On the evening of the 25th August towards sunset, Moplah rebels numbering hundreds, including some tenants of the Nair gentleman, entered his house near Pockotur and announced their intention of converting the whole family. The eldest son of the gentleman begged that the old gentleman should be spared but it produced no effect on the ruffiians and eventually the whole family was converted.

KURLA TO DEONAR.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Owing to the large scheme of the Bombay Development many Landlords of Bombay and its surrounding villages, viz., Worli, Parel, Dadar, Mahim, Matunga, etc., were obliged to shift their lodgings beyond Sion, viz., Chembur, Mani, Maravli, Chatla, Deonar, etc., anticipating that railway trains would run before the commencement of this year's monsoon as advertised in the G. I. P. Railway Magazine for the month of May 1921 but nothing has yet come out. May I suggest that light trains or motor service be introduced on this branch line on the same basis as at present running between Wardha and Hinganghat in the Central Provinces for experimental purposes. No doubt the service will pay the Railway Company in the end as this part is bound to develop shortly. It will benefit the public who are put to great inconvenience owing to the want of Railway communication, and entice more people from Bombay to inhabit the area.—Yours, etc.

K. S. RAOTE.

Chembur, Sept. 1st.

KHULNA FAMINE.

SIR P. C. RAY'S REPRESENTATIVE.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—As Mr. Nogendra Nath Sen fell ill and had to leave Bombay, I am deputing Mr. Charu Chandra Mukerji, B. Sc., to act as my representative. He has been associated with me as my Hony. Private Secretary for the last two months and has been working with indefatigable zeal for the cause. Mr. Mukerji has also several times visited the affected area, and has thus had first-hand knowledge of the destitution prevailing in the famine area. Philanthropic Bombay has been responding generously to the call of humanity and I sincerely hope Mr. Mukerji's mission will also be as successful as that of Mr. Sen.—Yours, etc.

P. C. RAY,
President, Khulna Famine Relief Fund.

Calcutta, Sept. 5.

PUNJAB AND KHULNA FAMINE RELIEF FUNDS.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I hand you two cheques of Rs. 1,250 each and A. G. C. note of Rs. 50 being the amount of sale proceeds of Tickets Rs. 2,380, Parsi Rajkeya Subha's contribution Rs. 120 and donation Rs. 50 you will please forward the sums to the Punjab and Khulna Funds Secretaries.—Yours, etc.

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA,

PARSEES AND THE PRINCE.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir, as the concensus of the general public opinion is opposed to giving any welcome to the Prince, it is unwise, for a small community like the Parsees, to disregard or flout the feelings of the sister communities. Your readers will agree with me in thinking, that the Parsees can ill afford to incur perpetual displeasure and bitterness of three hundred millions of their Indian brethren, to please a few of the bureau cracy. Do Sir Jamsetjee and others of his school of thought, believe that the rulers have begun to doubt the unflinching loyalty of the Parsees, that they are so very eager to swerve from the traditional routine even, and give a special proof of it, by a separate Address? This sort of unprecedented act, if it comes to pass, will, I am sure, evoke no special favours or concessions from the rulers; but on the contrary the community will be poorer by losing the love of the millions of their Indian brethren. Hindus and Mahomedans will naturally suspect the sympathy we vouchsafe to them as only deep. It would have been a different thing altogether if the Prince was coming to right the two wrongs of the Punjab and the Khilafat to the satisfacion of the Indians. But as nothing is likely to be done by him in the direction of assuaging the wounded feelings, Parsees will be well advised to drop the presentation of the contemplated Address. Again every Parsee is well aware of the fact that the Indian National Congress as well as almost all the beloved leaders of the people have unanimously declared their opinion, after stating excellent reasons, that as long as the system with which India has become sick is going to be the same, so long the whole-hearted welcome to any person, who comes directly or indirectly to maintain it, from the people is impossible.

In view of these facts, and in view of the fact that no separate Address was ever presented by the Parsees to either King Edward, or King George or lately to the noble Duke of Connaught or to any august visitor, it behoves us Parsees, not to deviate from the rule, especially when the mood o fthe country is sharply against any such manifestation. I therefore readily join your correspondent Br. Barjorjee Framjee Bharucha's prayer that wiser counsels may yet prevail!—Yours, etc.

BYRAM N. KHAMBATTA.

Bombay, Sept. 7.

CHEMICALS MARKET.

Bombay, Sept. 8.

As reported in our previous columns, the dullness has continued without signs of any immediate improvement, and the values have recorded further fall. The Home tendency has been downward and especially German Chemicals have been offered very cheap in the market. Bichromate of soda fell by so may as ten to fifteen rupees per cwt. Baxar rate is now Rs. 45 per cwt. Bichromate of potash has also gone down to Rs. 60 and the tone is still weaker. Aniline salt changed hands at Rs. 0-14-0 per lb. Antimony salt was sold at Rs. 1-8-0 per lb. The Secretary of the British Chemical Trade Association writes "A number of falls in values again are recorded this week both for spot lots and makers' quotations. There is however, no improvement in the amount of business being done. Caustic Potash is offered much cheaper, with but a poor demand."

The Home qutations are as under:—
Epsam Salt £9; Glauber Salt £6; Lead Acetate £15; Litorge £36; Bleaching Powder £18; Copperas Green £6; Caustic Potash £36; Prussiate Potash £0-1-3 (lb.).

Owing to the disturbed conditions in Madras, the Commissioner of Police has withheld licenses for "Tiger" processions in connection with the Mohorrum, now in progress. Processions of religious nature, however, will, it is understood, be allowed to go through the streets. (A. P.)

THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(Thursday, Sept. 8.)

The following officers to be Second Class Subordinate Judges with effect from the dates specified against their names:—

Mr. V. R. Chaubal, 1st October, 1920.
Mr. S. M. Kaikini, 28th May, 1921.
Mr. C. L. Malvi, 15th December, 1920.
Mr. G. D. Yajnik, 11th October, 1920.
Mr. M. C. Kaveeshwar, 5th March, 1921.
Mr. G. A. Balse, 10th July, 1921.
Mr. V. R. Mangalvedhekar, 3rd April, 1921.

The Government of Bombay have appointed Mr. P. E. Percival, I.C.S., M.L.A., to be a member of the Board of Management of the Indian People's Famine Trust in place of Mr. C. A. Kincaid, C.V.O., I.C.S., resigned.

Mr. A. W. W. Mackie, I.C.S., is appointed to act as Settlement Commissioner, Director of Land Records, Inspector-General of Registration and Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages vice Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments during the absence of Mr. F. G. Pratt, I.C.S., on deputation or pending further orders:—

Mr. W. F. Hudson, I.C.S., to act as Commissioner, Central Division, vice Mr. F. G. Pratt, I.C.S., on deputation.

Mr. H. F. Ball, I.C.S., on relief, to act as Collector of Poona, vice Mr. W. F. Hudson, I.C.S.

Rao Saheb Atmaram Keshav Kulkarni to act as District Deputy Collector, and to do duty as Personal Assistant to the Collector, Poona, vice Mr. H. F. Ball, I.C.S.

Mr. Krishna Raddi B. Bhadrapur, on return from leave, to be District Deputy Collector, East Khandesh, vice Mr. M. C. Kelkar, transferred.

Mr. Mahadev Chintaman Kelkar, on relief, to be Huzur Deputy Collector, West Khandesh, vice Mr. R. H. Lele, proceeding on leave.

Mr. H. H. Diwan is appointed to act as District Deputy Collector, Panch Mahals, vice Mr. A. R. Dalal, I.C.S., pending further orders.

Mr. Hamid A. Ali, I.C.S., Collector of Nawabshah, is granted, with effect from 1st November, 1921, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, privilege leave for such period as may be due to him combined with furlough on average salary for four months and such furlough as will bring the combined period of leave up to two years.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. G. Greig, C.I.E., Indian Army, is granted extension of leave up to 19th November, 1921.

Mr. Gurunath Venkatesh Kittur was granted furlough on half pay from 9th to 12th June 1921 (both days inclusive) in continuation of the leave sanctioned.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. F. G. Tucker, M.B. B.S., M.R.C.P. (Lond.), I.M.S., has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty

On return from leave, Mr. Jotsing Harising Advani, B.Sc., L.C.E., M.I.Mun.E., M.R.San.I., A.I.E.E., is appointed Executive Engineer, Nasrat Canals District, vice Mr. Tanumal Shawakram Mirchandani, B.Sc. (Edin.), Executive Engineer, proceeding on leave.

Mr. W. N. Cartland, Executive Engineer, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-eight days combined with furlough.

On return from leave, Mr. G. M. Hewson, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Northern Division.

Brevet-Major D. S. Johnston, R.E., is granted privilege leave for five months and twenty days combined with furlough.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

The following is the season report of the Bombay Presidency for the week-end Sept. 5:—

There was heavy rain during the week in parts of Gujarat and good in parts of Konkan and West Deccan. Elsewhere it was slight an dpartial. More rain is needed in the Deccan and Karnatak. Sowing of kharif crops is nearing completion and transplantation is in progress. Standing crops were slightly damaged by heavy and continuous rain in parts of Gujarat, were suffering for want of sufficient moisture in parts of western talukas of Deccan and Bijapur and were thriving elsewhere. Water for irrigation in the Sind canals was sufficient. Irrigated crops are in good condition. The supply of fodder is sufficient. Water supply for drinking and irriagtion is adequate. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition. Prices of food-grains were rising.

SURTI MOHOLLA FIRE.

In regard to the Surti Moholla Fire, which occurred on Tuesday last, further information shows that besides the godown occupied by Lala Dinanath Hemraj, two others' godowns were occupied by Goolam Husein Amirbhai and Haji Mohmed Haji Abdul Rehman, the former being insured with the Alpha Insurance Company for Rs. 5,000 and the latter for an aggregate sum of Rs. 49,000 with the Eastern United, the Alpha and other Insurance Companies. The damage to the goods is estimated at Rs. 35,000, while to the building at Rs. 20,000 which is covered by insurance with the Alpha and the Eastern United Insurance Companies.

A FATAL FALL.

The adjourned enquiry regarding the death of Bhimjee Ramsanjee (55), laborrer who died as a result of a fall from Motor lorry No. 582 which was loaded with cotton bales on the 31st ultimo, at Reay Road, under the circumstances already reported, was concluded by the Coroner, Mr. A. R King, yesterday.

Hajaru Singh Pursingh, Driver of the Motor Lorry ,deposed that the lorry had been loaded with 25 bales of cotton at Colaba and he had been driving to Dhun Mill at Parel. The deceased had been on the top of the bales. While he was driving along Reay Road, the lorry suddenly broke and the bales fell down. He stopped the engine. He had driven the lorry before and it had been passed out the head Office 18 years ago. A few days ago the lorry had been renovated. But it was not examined before it was taken out.

The jury returned a verdict that Bhimjee died of injuries sustained by his having falen with bales of cotton from a motor lorry which collapsed apparently in consequence of its not having been properly repaired and strengthened for the load it had to carry.

ALL INDIA CHAMPIANSHIP CHESS TOURNAMENT 1921.

This tournament will begin in Poona under the auspices of the Jolly Club from the 17th October 1921. Five prizes of Rs. 300, 200, 150, 100 and 50 will be awarded in cash. Besides a championship prize of Rs. 200 will be paid to the winner of a match of 11 games to be played between the two highest scorers.

The entrance fee will be Rs. 15 and must reach the Honorary Secretary on or before 5th October. Copies of Prospectus and rules or other particulars can be had from Professor V. D. Alurkar, M. A. Honorary Secretary, 602, Shanwar, Poona City.

The District Traffic Superintendent, Nainpur at Nagbhir, B. N. Railway wires:—The breach reported between Alewahi and Sindiwahi on the Chanda Fort section, B .N. Railway, on further examination was found to be more serious than at first anticipated. Both the embankment and one wing of the bridge No. 171 and 225 feet of the track further on were found to have been completey washed away. Transhipment still continues and through running is expected by Monday the 11th.—(A. P.)

THE EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

VANDIVILLE.

Judging by the increased attendance at The Excelsior Theatre, on Wednesday evening, Vandeville shows, certainly apper to find favour with the theatre goers of Bombay.

The Bandman Comedy Company would be well advised to remember public taste in this direction.

Wednesday evening's programme contained many excellent turns, and it would be difficult to decide which particular number occupied that coveted place of distinction, "the top of the bill."

W. W. Jacob's dramatic spetch "The Monkey's Paw" which had such a long and successful run in London a few years ago with John Lawson in the cast. "Duds" a clever comedy sketch by J. Oliver Twiss, the popular actor of the Bandman Company, and the "Moth and Flame" dance by Adnan Soss and Winnie Goodwin were the principal numbers.

David Kier in Scotch dances, Ian Mclean, the baritone, and Percy Bavistock, who gave us two excellent monologues, helped considerably towards bringing to a successful conclusion a very enjoyable evening's entertainment.

Many of Wednesday evening's audience I feel sure are looking forward to the next bandeville show at "The Excelsior."

IMPORTANCE OF THE STUDY OF BOTANY.

Mr. R. H. Dastur, M.Sc., F.L.S., delivered an interesting lecture on the above subject at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Public Hall on the 7th inst. at 6 p.m. In the course of his lecture, Mr. Dastur described the various efforts made by Western Botanists for the proper cultivation of plants and showed how by means of electric stimulants, it is possible to produce plants and flowers out of season. He concluded by saying that India did not lack intelligence, nor means nor opportunities but mainly lacked environment and he failed to see why the universities should not attach greater importance to science than to other subjects.

PEOPLE'S FREE READING ROOM.

ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION OF RS 14000

Before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad at the Esplanade Police Court one Naggi Valabhji and Santobhai appeared at the instance of Sir D. E. Wacha to answer a charge of misappropriation of the sum of Rs. 14,000.

Mr. Binning instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. Solicitors, appeared for Sir D. E. Wacha, while the accused were defended by Mr. N. N. Sahey. Bar-at-Law and Mr Kanuga, pleader.

The facts of the case are as follows:—Sir D. E. Wacha is the Chairman of the Trustees of the People's Free Reading Room and Library and until May 13th 1920 one Waghji Kalvanji was the Managing Trustee and as such he had in his possession various certificates of shares in Joint Stock Companies of which he used to realize the dividends and pay the same into the Trustees account. That said Waghji Callianji as Managing Trustee had engaged his wife's brother Nagji Vulabhji to assist him and write accounts. After the death of Waghji Cullianji, Sir Dinshaw called upon Bai Santobhai, the widow of Waghji Cullianji, to hand over to his solicitors the securities and title deeds, etc., belonging to the Trustees which were in possession of her late husband as one of the trustees, and after lengthy correspondence and delay she handed over certain title deeds and securities Inasmuch as Santobhai did not deliver over various certificates for shares, Sir Dinshaw made enquiries of the different Companies and he was informed that a sum of Rs. 14,000 had been paid to Santokbai by the Liquidator of the Indo-China Manufacturing Company, Ld. in respect of the shares which belonged to the Institution. There were also detained by her preference shares of the Central India Spinning Weaving and Manufacturing Co. Santokbai denied all knowledge regarding these shares but on enquiry he (Sir Dinshaw) found that Santokbai and the first accused had purchased a cloth shop from one Dullabhji Jathabhai at Bhuleshwar for Rs. 32,000 of which Rs. 10,000 were paid in cash and 2 share certificates of the Central India Spinning Weaving Co. were deposited with Dullabhji on account of balance of payment.

After the evidence of Mr. Kirtiker, Secretary of the People's Free Reading Room and Library, was led, the case was postponed.

CHARGE AGAINST TICKET COLLECTORS

CASE POSTPONED TO 21ST SEPT.

The case against F. E. Master and M. Hodgenson (Ticket Collectors), who were charged by Messrs. Jivraj G. Nensey and Jamnadas G. Nensey on the charge of hurt and abetment under Sections 323, 114 I. P. C. came for hearing yesterday before Mr. G. R. Khairaz. Third Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai with Mr. K. F. Nariman appeared for the complainants, while the accused were defended by Mr. M. B. Kolasker, Bar-at-Law,

The facts of the case are already reported in these columns.

On the case being called, Mr. B. Kolasker said that they had received summons only last evening and that he required postponement as well as a copy of the complaint.

Mr. Desai.—The summons were sent on the 23rd of August and I am surprised that they were received only last evening. If there was a delay in serving, it was due to the Agent's office.

The Magistrate remarked that the summons should have been served the same day.

Mr. Kolasker:—The Superintendent read in the "Bombay Chronicle" that the case was fixed for this day and when they made enquiries the summons were traced.

The Magistrate:—Is there any chance of settlement?

Mr. Kolasker.—It's a false case.

Mr. Desai:—It's not a false case. One of the complainants has shown injuries to the Court.

The Magistrate:—I can give you the 4th of October. My Court is too much congested.

Mr. Desai having asked for an earlier date, the Magistrate postponed the case till the 21st inst.

THEFT OF THIOCOL.

Mr. Ambalal Rupaji, Manager, Messrs. J. Murray and Co. Ld., dealers in chemicals and drugs, at Custom House Road, reports the theft of 150 bottles of Thiocol valued at Rs. 585 from the packing cases kept in a cupboard in the office room during the past three and a half months. The cupboard was always kept open during day time and all clerks and peons had access thereto.

TWO YEARS FOR BETEL LEAF CASE.

Before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Girgaon Police Court, Tramway Inspector Jehangirji Dorabji charged Hackoo Dostmahomed, with three previous convictions on record against him, with the theft of a betel leaf case, belonging to one Telang Govind.

It appears from evidence that at about 7 p.m. on August 26th both the accused and the complainant boarded a tram car at the Pyodhonie Junction and while doing so, the accused gave a push to the complainant and removed from his coat pocket the betel leaf case. He was caught red handed and made over to the Police.

The accused was convicted and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TODIAY.

Parsi New Year Eve. Banks closed.
A public meeting in Marwadi Vidialaya at 6-30 p.m. subject. Sikh religion and Indian Uniy.

SATURDAY, Sept. 10.

Poona Races: Big meeting 4th day.
S. S. Donola with the English mails, leaves at 1 p.m.
Parsi New Year: Yezdejardi 1291. (Banks closed).

SUNDAY, Sept. 11.

Mails for L. Marquis and S. Africa per extra s.s. 'Nmvola" close at 6-30 p.m.

MONDAY, Sept 12.

Municipal Corporation, 4-40 p.m.
P. and O. steamer "Soudan" with outward mails of August. 25th expected to arrive at 11 a.m.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTIFICATION.

Private telegrams will now be accepted for Malappuram.

MILL STRIKE.

The Zenith and the Century Mills workmen have resumed work since yesterday.

CITY MORTALITY.

The total mortality of the city was 138 on the 7th of September as compared with 129 of the corresponding day of last year. Two deaths from Influenza were recorded.

A CORRECTION.

We understand, that the announcement of Mrs. Jaiji Petit's name as an examiner of the prize essay of Lok. Tilak's Biography was unauthorised, and that she is unwilling to act in that capacity.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per extra s.s. Unvolosi via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 11th instant.

POST OFFICE THANKGIVING MASS ASSN.

On Tuesday the 13th instant at 10 a.m. the Catholic Staff of the General P. O. and its T. S. Os. will ofier their Annual Thanksgiving Mass at the shrine of our lady of the Mount, Bandra Hill, Bandra.

GANPATI UTSAV AT DADAR.

Prof. D. R. Gharpure of Poona will deliver his lecture before Goregaokar Building Ganpati Dadar at 9-30 p.m., tomorrow night Dr. M. B. Velkar will preside.

BRAHMIN SABHA GANESH UTSAV.

Under the auspicies of the above Sabha Mr. D. R. Gharpure M. A. Secretary "Tilak Maha-Vidyalaya Poona" will deliver a public lecture to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Commercial Museum Hall, Girgaum.

"GANPATI'S ARTI."

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Literary Circle, Mr. G. S. Talpade, B.A., LL.B., will deliver his address on "Ganpati's Arti" in Marathi, at Mr. S. D. Navalker's house in Princess Street, at 6 p.m. (B. T.), on Saturday, the 10th instant.

"LAKSHANA OF GURU AND SHISHYA."

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Literary Circle, Mr. Y. M. Rane, B.A., will deliver his address on "Lakshana of Guru and Shishya" in Marathi, at Mr. S. D. Navalker's house in Princess Street at 6 p.m. (B. T.), to-day (Friday).

RATHESTAR MANDEL.

Under the auspices of the above Mandal Mr. D. N. Patel will give a public Sangit Kirtan on "Homaie the Queen of Iram" an episede of the Persian History, to-day (Friday) at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Fort, at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) with the accompaniment of organ music and sengs.

BHARAT BANDHU SAMAJ.

Under the auspices of the Bharat Bandhu Samaj, Mr. Vaman Atmaram Hendre will deliver an address on "Female Education" in Marathi at Mr. Ganpatrao Sadre, Victoria House, Victoria Road opposite Queen Mary's Technical School at 9 p.m., to-day (Friday). Mr. Atmaram Narayen Vanarase will preside

VIGILANCE SUBCOMMITTEE MEETING

A meeting of the Vigilance Sub-Committee of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-morrow Friday evening at 5-30 p.m., at the office of the Girgaum District Congress Committee at Sandhurst Road. All the members of the committee as well as the Secretaries of all the ward District Congress Committees are required to be present.

KANARA G. S. B HOUSEING SOCIETY.

The Managing Committee of the Kanara G. S. Housing Society proposes to entertain its Hon. Secretary, Mr. V. D. Muzumdar who is going to Madras on transfer on the 14th instant. The function will take place at Luxmi Bag, New Bhatwadi, on Sunday the 11th instant at 4 p.m. (S. T.). All Kanarites residing in Bombay are cordially invited to attend.

NEW ENGLISH SCHOOL OLD BOYS' UNION.

A General Meeting of the Union was held on Sunday last in the Municipal School Hall, helewadi Girgaum under the presidency of Mr. S. K. Patwardhan. The Meeting stands adjourned. The General Body will meet again on the 18th instaant at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the same Hall to consider the proposed new Constitution of the Union. Members who want to see the copy of it should write to the Secretary to that effect on the following address. Mr. D. G. Kale, Secretary of the Union, Mahim, Bombay No. 16.

HENZTH AND CENTURY MILL'S STRIKE.

The Hon. Secretary. B. C. L. F. writes under date September 8th:—

The strike of the Zenith and Century Mills' Weavers terminated this morning. Mr. I. D. Saidney arrived early and exhorted the men to return to work particularly as the Agent had agreed to discuss their grievances and had granted 4th of a pie per pound as an increase. The men unanimously resolved to obey the decision of their Union leaders and were marched in fours to the mill-gates. The manager was interviewed by Mr. Sawhney and the men resumed work.

BY ST. NIHAL SINGH
"DRY" AMERICA

AN OBJECT LESSON TO INDIA

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Frontispiece.
Foreword.
CHAPTER.
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II. Victory.
III. Effect on Capital.
IV. Improvement of Labour Conditions.
V. Social Effects.
VI. Health under Prohibition.
VII. Decrease in Crime.
VIII. Saving to the Community.
IX. The Indian Problem.
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This book is written to indicate how the United States overcame the difficulties standing in the way of prohibition, and the results which are already visible, in the hope that it may prove useful to us in effectively dealing with our own problem. The present is the right moment for us to undertake such a task, because Indians, irrespective of their political differences, are determined to seize every opportunity to regain for India the primacy of position which she once occupied in the comity of nations.

Though conditions in India differ from those in America yet there is no reason why the American experience may not be repeated in our country. It is as true of India as of the United States that the State derives only a small amount of the money actually spent upon drink. The extinction of the liquor traffic may mean the extinction of the revenue derived from liquor, but it cannot mean that the money now paid for liquor will be destroyed. On the contrary, the banishment of liquor will mean that the money, instead of being wasted, will be available for productive purposes, and will help to improve the general condition of the people, who will not be able to spend it upon intoxicants. General improvement of living conditions must favourably react upon the State Exchequer.

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Miss La Motte says: "A nation that can subjugate 300,000,000 helpless Indian people, and then turn them into drug addicts, for the sake of revenue, is a nation, which commits a cold-blooded atrocity unparalleled by any atrocity committed in the rage and heat of war."

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INDIAN INDEPENDENCE

The Immediate need,

To be in subjection to a band of foreign rulers, if Seeley's historical maxim is true, cannot but lead to national deterioration. This is why the need for independence is so immediate. This is why it cannot be postponed. The verdict of the most sober English Historians is this, that India, without a single hand being lifted to strike a single blow, can determine her own destiny. The sheer weight of numbers,—three hundred and twenty millions against a few thousands,—is so great, that if these numbers could once speak with one mind, their will must be carried out.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Friday, September 9, 1921.

CONFLICTING MENTALITIES.

It is a fascinating study to every student of political science and every observer of social phenomena in these days of general upheaval all the world over to consider what will be the future relations between Great Britain and this country. It seems almost impossible for the average Englishman to realise quite clearly the point of view of the "subject races" within the Empire, or even to understand the stand-point of the weaker nations of Europe or those which in one way or another are connected with or dependent upon the United Kingdom. When we find writers of the eminence and Liberalism of the Webbs and the Wedgewoods failing to understand the standpoint of the "subject peoples"—the "Socialist Commonwealth" of the Webbs and the Indo-British Commonwealth of Col. Wedewood are examples in point—we give up the little hope we may have had of a better understanding of the Indian point of view by leading English publicists. Col. Josiah Wedgewood in his recent book "The Future Indo-British Commonwealth" concludes that the only safeguard for the future peace of the world, is a closer connection of the smaller nations of Europe as well as of Asia into an Indo-British Commonwealth, on the basis on which now rests the British Empire. Col. Wedgewood's arguments may be briefly summarised thus. As a result of the War the only nations which stand out with strength and spirit enough to protect and encourage the smaller nations of the world, are the United Kingdom and the United States. But the latter are not yet interested in world politics. If at all they could be interested it would be by a closer connection with the United Kingdom. The latter has been in the past the friend of the smaller struggling nations, and, as such, the author finds the way already paved for a sort of a Commonwealth composed of European and Asiatic nations with England at their head. His nativ strain of Liberalism is not quite absent from this idea of the gallant Colonel's since he postulates that the Commonwealth is possible only if the nations composingg it are all free to order their own internal affairs as they like. The postulate, of course, applies to the Irish as well as the Indian case; and he makes a very strong plea for political freedom of these peoples short of admitting their right to secede from the British Empire.

This is just where Col. Wedgewood's logic fails. The mentality of an imperialistic race unconsciously asserts itself. Col. Wedgewood, like many of his contemporaries, is willing to conceive that the holding of one country by another by sheer force is impossible to be maintained; but he has failed to realise that the combining countries might wish to have their own independent national existence. An alliance with England is desirable if we assume with the author that the theory of force as the basis of the State is not yet exploded; and that consequently the great military strength of England as well as her financial credit would be desirable by other nations. The idea of universal brotherhood and equality is out of place in this reasoning. The assumption of equality is necessarily modified so far as provision must be made for repayment of debts, for instance, contracted by the weaker nations to the stronger. Ireland might not secede and yet might refuse to accept the debts as her own which have been incurred by England on her behalf;and so, too, India. But in the commercial-cum-imperialistic mentality of the average Englishman, this idea is not welcomed though the fact may stare him in the face that the debt was never incurred with the consent or even concurrence of the parties sought to be charged with these debts, and seldon for their benefit.

There are many other instances of a like description to show the basic error of the Wedgewood school of logic. When a nation awakes to its full sense of self-respect, and resolves to achieve the right of self-determination, it is impossible to expect that it would consent to respect all the prudential considerations of the kind put forward by Col. Wedgewood. Perhaps there lies a deeper wisdom in the unconscious, instinctive desire of the "subject" peoples to demand complete independence, and not to be content with such substitutes as a Dominion status. The real Dominions are either too far off, or too predominantly English for any effective control of an injurious kind to be exercised over them directly by the British Colonial Office, or indirectly by the British Foreign Office. Ireland is too near, India is too pre-dominantly "coloured" to escape this control, and the resultant exploitation. The rapidly growing strength of the doctrine of Non-Cooperation is an indication of the Indian contribution to the struggle for political liberty. We know it for a certainty, whether, as Col. Wedgewood says, "Gandhi never governs" or whether he does govern Indians so far as to impress the strength of his ideals upon every one of us, that there can be no hope of an independent, self-determining, autonomous Indian nation within the fold of the British Empire, if the Empire does not cease to be associated with its old connotation of oppression and exploitation, if the imperialistic statesmen of Great Britain do not abandon their old prejudices against non-European peoples, and their ancient, antiquated maxims, such as Divide and Rule, in the task of holding together the Empire.

THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

We are glad that the Sessions Judge at Nasik has seen fit to withdraw his order of exclusion against our Special Representative at the trial of the accused in the Malegaon Riot Case. We are perfectly aware that India is not England and that the Nationalist Press in particular is not beloved of officialdom in India; but we cannot think that our representative, when he reported rather fully certain sensational revelations which were made in open court, did more than exercise the undoubted right of the Press to publish news of general public interest; and if the startling retractation by prosecution witnesses of their first evidence actually took place—the fact is not disputed—we cannot help thinking that the public prosecutor should have been prepared to put up with publication of the event in its minutest details instead of appealing to the judge to "suppress" an individual reporter. We are glad to learn that the learned judge has upheld the rights of the Press, which we consider to have been assailed by the complaint lodged by the public prosecutor, though we are sorry that his final decision in the matter was not made known until after our representative had left Nasik.

Notes of the Day.

A Test.

The suggestion of the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association that an Indian should, in accordance with the spirit of the Joint Committee's recommendations, be appointed to succeed Sir Thomas Holland as Member for Commerce and Industry, is one that should readily commend itself to both the Viceroy and the Secretary of State for India, who are anxious to speed the progress of this country on the road to Self-Government. One of the bitterest grievances of Indians is that the industrial development of this country, as at present directed by the European personnel, proceeds on lines largely detrimental to the true interests of the country, favouring alien exploiters of India's resources to an undue extent and discouraging Indian talent and enterprise. The present occasion affords a splendid opportunity for those who have been loud in their protestations of sympathy for Indians, to translate that talk into deeds. It would be rank hypocrisy to pretend that at present there are no Indians competent to discharge the responsibilities of the post of Member for Commerce and Industry. We can easily name half-a-dozen Indians as competent as, if not more competent than, the retiring member. It is not the lack of Indians, but of the will to cooperate with them that stands in the way of the bureaucracy doing the right thing. The choice of a successor to Sir Thomas will be a test of the "sympathy" for Indians and willingness to "cooperate" with them one hears so often nowadays.

Mutual Admiration.

Apropos of the suggestion that an Indian should be appointed to succeed Sir Thomas Holland as member for Commerce and Industry, one is amused to find our "Liberal" contemporary of Allahabad advancing the claims of its own former editor, Mr. Chintamani. It is true that our contemporary puts forward two other names also, those of Lala Harkisenlal and Sir M. Visvesvaraya, and it is true also that at least the last of these possesses all the qualifications for an ideal Member for Industry, but it passes one's understanding what particular qualifications the present Minister of Education, U. P., possesses for the control of the industrial development of this country. A mere assistant secretaryship of the Indian Industrial Conference for some years does not surely put one in possession of all the qualities and capacity necessary for the administration of one of the most important departments of the country. Our contemporary's exaltation of its past chief in season and out of season and beyond all limits of either decorum or reason, reminds one of a similar ludicrous attempt made a few weeks ago by the present editor of the "Bengalee" in respect of its past editor, Sir Surendranath Banerjea. This is what appeared in our Calcutta contemporary from the pen of "Ajax", who, as is well known, is the same as the editor-in-chief of the "Bengalee":—

There has been no more outstanding personality in Indian public life, since the government of this country passed from the hands of the East India Company to those of the Crown, than the newly-elected President of the Indian Association. Compared to Sir Surendranath Banerjea, even Sir Pherozshah Mehta and Gokhale were mere rushlights. Ananda Mohan Bose, W. C. Bonnerjee, Lalmohan Ghose, Kashi Nath Trimbak Telang, M. G. Ranade, Krishnaswamy Iyer and others were not good enough even to hold the candle before (sic) him. Sir Surendranath has made Indian public life what it is today, he has made India self-conscious of her nationhood.

We shall not be surprised if we are told from Allahabad that the Visvesvarayas, Mukherjees, Tatas and Malaviyas of today are no better than mere rush lights before the beacon that shines in the Council chamber of the United Provinces!

The Home of the Purdah.

Despite the praiseworthy example set by the Madras and Bombay Legislative Councils, the Bengal Legislative Council has negatived the proposal to enfranchise the women of the province. Bengal is the home of the Purdah and one, perhaps, need not feel surprised at the strength of the opposion encountered by a movement calculated gradually to emancipate women from the needless restraints which ignorance and superstition have imposed on them. The "legislators" of Bengal, by their silly step, have only written themselves down as hopelessly unprogressive. The Council's decision will have come as a rude shock to all the enlightened women of Bengal and especially of Calcutta. Those who opposed the resolution do not seem to have realised that there was no question of any compulsion at all under consideration. If an enfranchised female does not wish to come out in public and register her vote, she would be under no obligation whatever to do so. Only those women who care to use the vote would be at liberty to do so. Even if the majority of the female voters of Bengal refuse to participate in the elections—which we are disinclined to believe they would do—such a possibility should not stand in the way of those ladies who prize the franchise exercising their rights. We are afraid most of those who voted against the resolution in the Council did so out of ignorance of the real position of things. The Council ought to take the earliest opportunity to undo the grievous wrong it has done to the women of Bengal.

Munitions Trials.

There seems to be a good deal of doubt in the minds of many as to what exactly the Viceroy was driving at when he said, with reference to the Munitions trials, "The lesson that we have learnt from these unfortunate events is that it is very desirable that the direction and control of Government prosecutions should be in the hands of a trained lawyer." The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association apprehends that the creation of an appointment or department for Government prosecutions is aimed at by the Viceroy. The inference seems most likely. But one is amazed to learn from the Viceroy that the Government of India all these years have been lacking in machinery to deal with cases of the type which confronted Sir Thomas Holland. What is the department presided over by Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, the Law Member, meant for if not to handle such cases? Why could not Sir Thomas Holland consult Dr. Sapru and obtain his opinion as to the legality of the proceedings against Karnani and Banerjee and the legal and other complications that might ensue from an abrupt withdrawal of those proceedings? If Sir Thomas Holland really desired legal opinion, there were enough sources from which he could have obtained it but it seems to us that he deliberately fought shy of such opinion. Even a person of ordinary intelligence, would have seen that in such cases it is best to rely on legal advice. That an official occupying the position of a member of the Government of India should not have realised the need of pursuing such a course, shows that there was something radically wrong with his mentality.

Honour Indian Sentiment.

The unofficial chamberlains of the Prince who, in the Press, offer schemes of entertaining the royal visitor seem to be getting jaded. Boons, speeches and announcements tickle the imagination of complacent patriots. But these things look offensive to the ruling caste, who tirelessly explain that the Prince is merely seeing things for himself and qualifying himself as an efficient ruler. Therefore the "Great Ambassador" should not be taxed with the performance of arduous responsibilities of a political kind. They propose that the Prince should mix with Rajas and Maharajas, receive addresses, deliver speeches, have some shooting, suffer himself to be entertained—in fact do everything with his magnetic personality except hint at political changes. Let him endear himself to the people, take outbursts of loyalty, consolidate them and even give harmless speeches like his grand-uncle, but the talk of politics when the Prince comes, sickens their unalloyed sense of loyalty. A writer in the "Manchester Guardian", evidently an Anglo-Indian, devotes half-a-column to a topic of entertainment which he rightly contends has been overlooked. It would seem that the "pig-sticking world" is excited over the Royal visit, and therefore the Prince must compete for the "Kadir Cup" which is the badge of triumph in that art. We are then given descriptions of the boar, the spear, the horse, the risks of getting oneself disembowelled and the custom of holding the pastime in conditions unfavourable to the beast. Gentlemen who are proud members of the Reception Committees know the secrets of the programme, but we submit that the avoidance of blood-sports will, if it does not "strike the imagination of our Indian fellow-subjects", at least not offend the susceptibilities of millions of people. Why not also give the tour the distinction of a "Pussyfoot" Reception? If the contracts for supplies have not been already given, why not consider the matter?

Khulna Famine Relief.

In a letter from Sir P. C. Ray which we publish elsewhere it is announced that Mr. Charu Chandra Mukerji B.Sc., Hon. Secretary to Sir P. C. Ray, has come to Bombay to continue the work of collection which Mr. Nagendranath Sen was forced to give up owing to ill-health. In order to avoid the confusion which took place on one or two occasions when Mr. Sen was here, we would ask those of our readers who wish to contribute through "The Chronicle" to address their contributions to "The Editor," and those who wish to contribute through Mr. Mukerji to mark their contributions clearly with that gentleman's name. This distinction does not indicate a division of aim, but only a division of labour for the simplification of the work in hand. Mr. Mukerji has himself visited the famine area, and is able to give first-hand information as to the extent and magnitude of the distress. We feel sure that the public of Bombay, will extend to him the same generous reception which it gave to Mr. Sen.

Vanishing Prestige.

"Their (the bureaucracy's) prestige has nearly vanished and we are free of the hypnotic spell. Their growing demoralisation is the proof of the success of our movement"—so declared Lala Lajpatrai at Ferozpore. He instanced the case of a Deputy Commissioner going from village to village and the people, who formerly were afraid of his *chaprasi*, not minding the least what the "Sab" told them. Nay, the Deputy was reduced to the necessity of filing a complaint against a *boy* for shouting "Mahatma Gandhi ki jai!" When the bureaucracy are reduced to the pass of dismissing a father in their service because he had a son who consorted with the Non-Cooperators, of threatening Government servants with the bureaucracy's displeasure if they permit their wives (not child-wives, mind, but adult ones) to take part in the Non-Cooperation movement, of sending six boys to jail for distributing leaflets, while the author of those leaflets himself is left untouched—when such become the ordinary weapons in the official armoury for fighting the Non-Cooperation movement, things are at a pretty pass. Here are two incidents reported by a correspondent in this journal. A Mahomedan gentleman of Khandwa, who has resigned his Honorary Magistrateship has been called upon to show cause why the plots he holds free of revenue from Government should not be resumed by the latter. We do not know if the plots in question were bestowed on the gentleman or any of his ancestors, but, in any case, they were, we daresay, conferred on the recipient for some service rendered to Government and not as the price of his or his successors' freedom of conscience. If that is the case, by what moral right does the Government demand the surrender of the reward of a past service? It is amazing that the meanness of the official demand does not suggest itself to the authorities concerned. The same correspondent reports another case in which security proceedings have been started against a non-cooperating student, for "seditious" speeches. If the speeches were really "seditious", why does not the Government proceed against him under Section 124A and try him in a regular manner?

Sir Surendranath.

According to a correspondent in Calcutta, the Willingdon Memorial fiasco was a demonstration of honour when compared with the freak of a "public" meeting held on the steps of the Town Hall under the presidency of Lord Ronaldshay. The Willingdonites courageously came to the meeting to contest the issue with the majority, and achieved what our evening contemporary described as a "great success." If the Willingdonites scenting defeat had engaged two lorries and fled to the grill-room in Watson's Hotel, and passed resolutions there in the name of the citizens of Bombay, the event would have resembled the Governor's meeting in Calcutta. Our correspondent is sorry for the hostile reception earned by Sir Surendranath Banerjea. What are the facts? A meeting was convened to offer a welcome to the Prince in the name of the citizens of Calcutta and hundreds of people assembled to register their votes at the appointed place. In the afternoon, officials conferred together and secretly sent word to the representatives of the "wealth, intelligence and nobility" of Bengal. The President of the Chamber of Commerce ordered the closing of the firms to enable the clerks to go and vote for the *Lat Saheb*. The surreptitious function, surrounded by the Gurkhas and the Police, strove to usurp the credit of the citizens of Calcutta. Sir Surendranath was in the secret of the performance. Decades ago, he had with a popular backing, in precisely the same circumstances, overborne the decision of the purse-proud worthies of Calcutta, to vote a particular memorial to a Prince of Wales. No wonder Europeans were amused at the sight of his countrymen shouting to him to sit down. Sir Surendranath roared about Oriental courtesy, while he forgot the claims of Oriental self-respect and joined a conspiracy to hold a fake-meeting. We are sorry for Sir Surendranath, but he who comes for equity must first do equity.

FUTURE OF IRISH PEACE.

DECISION OF CABINET.

"NO OFFICIAL INFORMATION"

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, September 7.
Recd. 11-40 p.m. Sept. 8.

The meeting of the Cabinet which is expected to reach a momentous decision with regard to the future of the Irish Peace Negotiations opened at Inverness Town Hall this morning.

The provost welcomed the Premier and other ministers on their arrival and a crowd of thousand in streets, windows and on roofs vociferously cheered the Premier who was half an hour late having had breakfast and a lengthy talk with the King at Moy Hall whether he motored in early morning from Brahan Castle.

The cabinet unanimously approved the Government's reply to Mr. De Valera which was handed to Commandant Barton who proceeded to Dublin at four o'clock in the afternoon. The Premier sent a special courier to Moy Hall to inform the King of the result. Pending Mr. De Valera's reply no official information with regard to the tenour of the Government's reply will be obtainable but the text is being published to-morrow evening.

The cabinet also appointed a Committee consisting of the Ministers now in Scotland fully empowered to deal with the Irish situation immediately Mr. De Valera's reply arrives.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

COMMITTEE FOR EXAMINING CREDENTIALS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 4-50 p.m, Sept. 8.

Geneva.—The Committee of the Assembly of the League of Nations for the purpose of examining credentials includes the Maharao of Cutch, who, with Senor Aguero of Cuba, secured the highest number of votes.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

PAST YEAR'S ACTIVITIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, September 7.
Recd. 0.45 a.m. Sept. 9.

Geneva.—The League of Nations has received request signed by Professors and Student's representing fourteen countries for formation under the auspices of the League of International Organisation of Brain-workers so that science and education may be represented within the League in the same manner as Capital and Labour.

The Assembly of the League of Nations today held an animated debate on procedure Hymans, Belgium, emphasised benefit of open discussion of the Council's Report and Lord Robert Cecil warmly supported him saying that such a discussion was perhaps the League's greatest hope of permitting a glimpse of the future world's Parliament.

Motto. Switzerland, argues that open discussion was contrary to the standing orders but Van Karnebeek overruled his objection and the Assembly decided there should be a great open debate upon the past year's activities of he League.

Twenty new Treaties have been handed to the Secretariat of the League of Nations by Germany for registration mostly dealing with her economic relations with Hungary and Austria and Czecho-Slovakia, but one of the treaties restores Peace with China This action on Germany's part is regarded as method of semi-officially proposing her candidature for Membership of the League.

HOW TO PREVENT ANOTHER WAR.

DEMOCRATIC REPRESENTION ON LEAGUE WANTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Recd. 11-15 p.m., Sept. 8.

The Trade Union Congress at Cardiff to-day passed a resolution demanding reorganisation of the League of Nations so as to provide fullest opportunity for adequate democratic representations of all Nations in order to prevent catastrophe of another war.

A further resolution was passed to the effect that peace could only be secured by creation of International body possessing confidence of people of each country which could only be obtained by an adequate direct represenation of Labour on the Council of the League of Nations. Mr. Clynes, M. P. in moving the resolution criticised the Government for failing to send anyone who could claim to represent Labour to present the meeting of the League at Geneva.

AUSTRIA'S APPEAL TO LEGUE OF NATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Recd. 0-45 a.m. Sept. 9.

Vienna.—Addressing the National Assembly Schober, Chancellor, said that in view of superior strength of the Hungarian Army which was not yet disarmed Austria could only employ all her diplomatic means to support her rights in question of Burgenland. The Conference of the Ambassadors had sent Hungary a sharp note and all Great Powers of Entente supported Austria. Schober appealed to the League of Nations for support. Czecho-Slovakian delegation in Vienna states that Czecho-Slovakian is ready to send troops to West Hungary if Austria and the Conference of Ambassadors so desire.

IRISH PEACE PROSPECTS.

"NO PEACE ON MAKE-BELIEVE."

MR. DE-VALERA'S STATEMENT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

Mr. De Valera in a statement to the pressmen in Dublin said:—

The British Imperial statesmen are trying to sell Ireland a second-rate political margarine labelled butter and they are angry because we refuse. Ireland wants butter and won't be deceived into thinking she has got it, till it is actually delivered.

The English press asks: "Have we will to peace? Yes, we ardently desire peace." For that reason we refuse to see things other than as they are Peace will never be founded on make-believe.

BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

SIR E. THORPSE' ADDRESS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Recd. 0-45 a.m. Sept. 9.

The meeting of the British Association opened at Edinburgh to-day. The programme covers every field of scientific activity including newest problems and their application to every day life.

Sir Orliver Lodge in the course of a popular lecture which he delivered yesterday evening on "speech through the ether" dwelt upon wonders of Wireless Telephony.

Sir Edward Thorpe in his Presidential address to-night dealt with some of the aspects of post-war science and remarked amongst other things that National Physical Laboratory had grown very rapidly and was now dealing with an extraordinary range of subjects and its researches were most important to national life. A bulk of Sir Edward's address was devoted to the results of the latest investigations of "superlatively grand question of inner mechanism of the atom" by which "atomic weight" acquired altogether a new significance demanding joint study by Chemists and Physicists. Sir Edward in conclusion referred to the application of science in Great War and denounced the use of poison gas and other chemicals. He hoped that the Association would set its face against the continued degradation of science in augmenting the horrors of war.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH.

REFUSE TO GRANT ISLINGTON TERMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Recd. 11-15 p.m., Sept. 8.

The ministry of Health has refused to sanction the Islington's Board of Guardians unemployment Dole of 73 shillings and six pence per week for man and wife and six children on this ruling that the Islington scale is illegal and is bound to have important effect upon agitation throughout the country owing to discontent among the workless at their relief compared with the Islington terms.

PROBLEM OF UNEMPLOYMENT

DUTY OF STATE TO PROVIDE WORK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

The problem of Unemployment was dealt with by the Trade Union Congress at Cardiff, which passed a resolution expressing grave apprehension with regard to it and reaffirming the principle that it is the duty of the State to provide work or adequate maintenance for every willing worker. The resolution approved the action of the Boards of Guardians, which, in absence of proper Government assistance, have seriously endeavoured adequately to relieve the urgent necessities of the workless but expressed the opinion that such burden should not be imposed on the ratepayers and must be removed from them. It also demanded immediate summoning of Parliament and introduction of practicable schemes of work without delay with necessary financial provisions called on the Government to remove the gross inequality of rating in London and approved the action of the Poplar Councillors.

AUSTRALIA'S NEW FEDERAL LOAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

Melbourne.—The Commonwealth Treasurer states that three-quarters of the new Federal a loan of ten millions sterling has been subscribed. The time limit for the subscriptions will probably be extended.

JUSTICE AND "THE CHRONICLE."

RIGHTS OF PRESS VINDICATED.

ORDER OF EXCLUSION WITHDRAWN.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S STATEMENT.

On the evening of Tuesday, the 6th instant, after the Court had risen for the day, I was sent for by Mr. Murphy, Sessions Judge, in connection with an application that had evidently been presented to him during the lunch interval by the Public Prosecutor in the Malegaon Riot Case. The application, as I came to know afterwards, alleged wholesale that my reports of the case appearing in "The Chronicle" of the 25th and 26th August were positively false and of such a nature as was likely to embarrass and prejudice a fair trial and amount to a contempt of Court. Certain statements had also been picked out from my reports, which the Public Prosecutor solemnly asserted, were false and mischievous and so on. Mr. Murphy then gave me no opportunity of meeting these allegations. He only referred to one little sentence in my statement which the Public Prosecutor had, it seems to me, cleverly, insinuated, directly reflected on the Court. The statement reads thus:—

"All these witnesses were categorically and explicitly warned by the Court of the consequences of making a different statement from what they had previously made in the lower Court and were even made to understand clearly that they would be sent to jail for making a false statement. In spite of it all these witnesses, who have never been, as they admitted, allowed to get away from strict police surveillance since they were first got hold of by Mr. Kokje, unflinchingly maintained that they knew nothing of the incidents connected with the riot and they had been tutored to say what Mr. Kokje wanted them to say. They said: Mr. Kokje was assisted in this business of tutoring and intimidation by Inspector Alibhai and constables Imam Khan, Ahmed, Ibrahim, etc., and certain townsmen, including one Ganpat Gavde and Chand Tapalia. The Court seemed to view this with dismay and all possible methods open to Court under the Criminal Procedure Code were tried with the witnesses, presumably to test their genuineness, and it was soon discovered that not even fear of being sent to jail induced them to depart from what they described as truth so far as they were concerned. Two of them were Momin youths, much under eighteen and the remaining two were Hindu labourers."

On being shown the context in which the statement occurred, I pointed out that no reflection had been cast on the Court and that my meaning was quite clear with reference to the context in which the statement had been made. But it was obvious that Mr. Murphy had allowed his mind to be prejudiced against me on the misrepresentation of the Public Prosecutor, and would have nought of my assurance and peremptorily made an order to the effect that I should be supplied with a copy of the complaint and should be excluded from the Court until I apologized "for the things complained of."

I had no desire to be impolite to the Judge and when he spoke to me about my statement regarding the Court with disapproval, I promptly expressed to him my regret because he had chosen to hold, in spite of my assurance to the contrary, that it was a reflection on him.

Late in the evening I got a copy of the complaint filed by the Public Prosecutor and on perusing it, I found out that it was a frivolous one and had no legs to stand on. On Wednesday, I therefore addressed to Mr. Murphy a written explanation in time for him to consider it and revoke the order that he had hastily passed. Until I left Nasik I had no information that the order had been withdrawn or that any action had been taken at all by him in the light of my explanation. Now, I have before me the report of the Associated Press, incorrect in particulars, which says that Mr. Murphy has been pleased to withdraw the order. That was the least he could do in view of the insulting way in which he had passed the order the previous evening on the one-sided complaint of the Public Prosecutor. I am not quite sure whether I am not entitled to draw my own inference of the attitude of Mr. Murphy as a Judge. However, as the saying is, "All's well that ends well." I hope that the Public Prosecutor will take warning from the incident not to make frivolous complaints against the Press. I do not look for any gratitude. At least, I thought the Public Prosecutor would see from my reports that I had deliberately excluded certain matter reflecting on the conduct of the prosecution in Court, lest it should be suggested by them that I was trying to prejudice a fair trial.

I give below the complaint of the Public Prosecutor and my reply thereto, which speaks for itself:

PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S COMPLAINT:

In the Court of the Sessions Judge, Nasik.
Imperator *vs.* Mahomed Suleman Rojan and others.

I humbly draw your honour's attention to the reports of the proceedings of this case published in the issues of the "Bombay Chronicle," Dak Edition, dated the 23rd, 25th, and the 26th of August, 1921, copies of which are annexed herewith.

The statements in the reports of the 25th and 26th of August, 1921, are incorrect and not justified by anything that took place in the Court. Moreover they are positively false and are of such a nature as is likely to embarrass and prejudice a fair trial, and amount, it is submitted, to a contempt of Court.

STATEMENT "A."

"This step on the part of Rao Saheb seems to be a clever move to seriously handicap the defence. The arrested men were cited as witnesses on behalf of the accused, and in less than 3 hours after the list had been handed in the Court, they were arrested by the Rao Saheb."

"With regard to this, I have to state that when Mr. Azad mentioned the matter of their arrest to the Court it was distinctly pointed out by the Counsel for the prosecution that there were warrants issued against these people in May last—long long before the prosecution could know that these were to be witnesses for the defence—and that they were arrested in pursuance of those warrants. This fact has been deliberately suppressed in the report. Further the statement that these persons were witnesses and that their names were included in the list of witnesses submitted by the defence is positively false nor was any such statement made by any one in the Court. I submit that this portion of the report is positively mischievous.

STATEMENT "B."

Dated 26th August, 1921—"They said Mr. Kokje was assisted in this business of tutoring and intimidation by . . . and certain townsmen including one Ganpat Gavade." This statement is false and mischievous having regard to the fact that it referred to the witness for the prosecution who was still to be examined.

STATEMENT "C."

Dated 23rd August, 1921—"Counsel remarked "It is no wonder that the pump should have gone wrong with such a President as you (laughter)." With regard to this it is submitted that no such remark was made by Mr. Azad in a tone audible to the Court nor could any such remark be intended either for the Court or the witness or even for publication. The reporter could not have heard any such remark from his seat. If therefore the reporter got it from someone else it was certainly very wrong of him to have published it. If however it is suggested that such a remark was made in open Court for the Court and the witness to hear, then it is submitted that it was wrong on the part of the defence Counsel to offer such insulting remarks to a witness in Court and it is necessary for future guidance that the Court should express its strong disapprobation of such remarks in Court.

STATEMENT "D."

"Thereupon the Court viewed with dismay." I submit that is a direct reflection on the conduct of the Court and entirely unwarranted and is likely to embarrass and prejudice a fair trial in the Court.

I therefore request your honour to consider all these facts, and take such action as may be deemed just."

Sd. G. V. Pradhan (Public Prosecutor.)
(Filed 6th September, 1921.)

ORDER.

"Supply Mr. Vyankatrao with a copy of this complaint and exclude him from the Court until he apologizes for these things complained of."

Sd. S. J. MURPHY,
Sessions Judge.

6-9-1921.

No. 4002 of 1921.

The Court of Sessions, Nasik, 6th Sept. 1921.
Copy forwarded for information to Mr. Vyankatrao.

By Order,
Sd. B. Sule,
For Sheristedar, Sessions Court."

MR. VENKAT RAM'S REPLY.

To, S. J. Murphy Esquire, I.C.S., Sessions Judge, Nasik.

Dated Nasik, 7th September, 1921

Sir,—I received last night the copy of a complaint filed before you by Mr. G. V. Pradhan, Public Prosecutor, Nasik, in *re* Imperator *vs.* Md. Suleiman Rojan and others.

1. With reference to Statement D of the complaint, I explained to you personally yesterday evening, that no reflection was cast either on yourself or on the Court, and that the expression, "dismay", had been used to mean, with reference to its context in the report appearing in "The Chronicle" of the 26th August, that the Court commiserated or took pity on the witnesses in their unfortunate position, as they were rendering themselves liable to prosecution for perjury. But since you were pleased, in spite of the very definite and categoric assurance from me to the contrary, to entertain the view that the sentence referred to was a reflection on the conduct of the Court, as alleged in the complaint, I have already expressed to you my sincere regret, which I have no hesitation in repeating here, whatever my personal impression, with a view to remove any misunderstanding in your mind, that might have been caused by a perusal of the complaint of the Public Prosecutor. I hope you will be pleased, on reconsideration, to accept my assurances.

As regards the other points complained of by the Public Prosecutor, you will be pleased to remember that I was given no

(Continued on next page.)

REPORTED FALL OF ANGORA.

AFTER TEN DAYS' SEVERE IGHTING.

KEMALIST'S SITUATION UNCERTAIN

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

Smyrna.—It is reported that Angora has falled after ten days' very severe fighting with great losses on both sides. The situation of the Kemalist Army is uncertain. The Turks, who were out numbered kept np resistance to the last and frequently attempted to drive the Greeks out of the captured positions. There was much hand-to-hand fighting.

RUSSIAN FAMINE RELIEF.

M. NANSEN SUPPOPTS SOVIET POLICY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

Geneva.—M. Nansen who is the principal Norwegian delegate to the League of Nations, has arrived here. He denied in an interview that his agreement with the Soviet Government would prevent control of distribution of relief and showed that it was Soviet's demand for credit that had chiefly excited criticism in London and Paris where opinion was held that such demand by the Government that had repudiated the national debt was serious enough to engage the attention of the Supreme Council.

M. Nansen was confident from his experience of relieving prisoners that the Soviet Government would play the game. He said that reason why credit was desired was inadequacy of charity to meet the situation. Altogether four million tons of foodstuffs were wanted. The Soviet hoped by means of taxation to pay for half of that, but thirty millions sterling credit would be needed to acquire the remainder. Each lending Government could have three representatives on the spot to control the purchase and distribution. It was essential to act very speedily.

PORT OF LONDON SHIPPING RETURNS.

DECREASE IN PILFERAGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

The Port of London was used to a much greater extent last year than in 1919 according to the new annual report. The total net tonnage of vessels arriving and departing was 32,758,604 compared with the previous total of 26,335,191. In connection with pilferage the report chronicles that 842 persons were convicted of larceny and unlawful possession last year. There has been marked decrease in pilferage in the docks owing to the Shipping Police scheme.

RECRUDESCENCE OF RED TERROR.

ANTI-SOVIET PLOT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, September 7.
Recd. 11-40 p.m. Sept. 8.

Stockholm.—The "Dagens Nyheter" learns that Petrograd Kieff and Odessa are panic stricken owing to recrudescence of Red Terror, the wholesale arrests are reported in connection with the discovery of anti-Soviet plot headed by Professor Tagantsev who is said to have been shot along with sixty more conspirators including Prince Tumanof and many Soviet Officials.

THE ILL-FATED R. 38.

SALVAGE OPERATIONS STOPPED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Recd. 4-50 p.m. Sept. 8.

The Admiralty salvage operations in connection with R 38 have ceased. The Air Ministry operations, however, continue in the hope of recovering six bodies still missing.

Embalmed bodies of fifteen American victims of R 38 were placed on a train at Hull tody en route for Plymouth and America. The procession included British and American naval and military detachments.

GERMANY AND BAVARIA.

INTERFERENCE WITH LATTER'S INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

(Reuter's Special Service.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 8.

The prospects of Bavaria's yielding to the pressure of the German Government seem to have diminished. According to a Munich telegram, quoted by Reuter's Berlin correspondent, well informed quarters there regard the situation between Bavaria and Germany as far graver than it was during the recent crisis over the disbandment of the Einwohnerwehr.

The non-Socialist press of Munich is violently attacking the Berlin Government for "interfering with Bavaria's internal affairs." The "Angsburger Abendzeitung" which is still appearing despite the Berlin Government's recent order for its suppression alleges that the German Government is trying to re-establish Red Dictatorship in Bavaria.

The "Vorwaerts" declares that the movement in favour of secession is growing throughout Bavaria.

VICEROY'S SPEECH.

"TELEGRAPH'S COMMENTS."

TROUBLE ASCRIBED TO MR. GANDHI.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. at 8 p.m., Sept. 8.

After recent disquieting news from India, the hopeful nature of Lord Reading's first speech is eagerly emphasised in London. In addition to great prominence given to the speech in news columns, several morning papers comment at length in the editorial articles and especially the "Daily Chronicle" and the "Daily Telegraph" both of which ascribe the troubles principally to Mr. Gandhi and Ali Brothers against whom the "Telegraph" urges that in the interests of overwhelming majority of Indians, who are much more interested in peace and security, vigorous measures should be taken even at the risk of some "Excitement." The "Telegraph" deplores the fact that despite repeated warnings for the necessity of tranquillity during the incipiency of Reforms the Extremists have not been in the least softened by Administrative forbearance but have become more disloyal and more unscrupulous in their attempts to stimulate sedition. The journal is of opinion that this cannot be permitted, if India is not to revert to the condition from which the British hands rescued it when the country was falling a prey to anarchy.

The "Daily Telegraph" welcomes Lord Reading's reference to Sir Thomas Holland as a strong statement, but no less than could be expected from a lawyer and a Judge of Lord Reading's eminence.

REFLECTION OF CHANGE.

The "Daily Chronicle" sees in the Viceroy's Speech the reflection of a profound change which will come over the public life in India, now that India is called upon to contribute not only to diverse domestic problems, but to foreign policy of the Empire in whose deliberations they take imortant part.

The "Chronicle" endorses Lord Reading's compliment to the services of the Rao of Cutch and Mr. Sastri at the Imperial Conference and appears to be in no way displeased that the Viceroy has not nesitated to identify himself with India on the subject of differences between India and South Africa. The Journal adds that whilst if would be improper for the Indian Muslems to claim to dictate the Imperial Policy with regard to Turkey, nevertheless their views ought to be and have been studied.

"GUARDIAN" ON MUNITIONS CASE.

"EQUALITY TREATMENTS--- FOUNDATION OF JUSTICE."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 8-0 p.m. Sept. 8.

The "Manchester Guardian" in the course of a leader on the Munitions Board Case declares that the Government of India could not do otherwise than express its disapproval of the utterance of the Advocate-General and withdraw prosecution. It is possible, says the Journal, to appreciate fully the anxiety of Sir Thomas Holland lest prosecution should end in commercial upheaval and increased discontent; but it is impossible to accept the principle which would mean that the man's position in commerce might purchase for him immunity in wrong-doing. It is equaly certain, the "Guardian" points out, that if the political exigencies ever compelled the consideration of such a question as to whether or not the person believed to be guilty of fraud should be prosecuted, th decision in his favour should only be taken by the Highest Government Authority itself for Equality Treatment is the foundation of Justice and if administration is to be weakened at all responsibility should lie with Government itself.

INQUEST ON PROF. DAS GUPTA.

DEATH FROM NATURAL CAUSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 4-50 p.m. Sept. 8.

At the inquest at Hendon on Professor Das Gupta. Sir Nilratan Sarkar stated that Professor Gupta died at Golders Green after lecturing in London on Friday evening. Medical evidence showed that Professor Gupta's heart was affected. A verdict of death from natural causes was returned.

FIRST INDIAN FOR KING'S CADETSHIP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Recd. 4-50 p.m. Sept. 8.
LONDON, Sept. 8.

The first Indian to be appointed to King's India Cadetship has been nominated by Mr. Montagu in the person of Gurbachan Singh, son of the late Risaldar-Major Kartar Singh Bahadur, 12th Cavalry, who was invalided out in 1917 after twenty-eight years' service and died in 1918.

INDIAN MEMORIAL GATE RI AT BRIGTON

MAYOR'S APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 4-50 p.m. Sept.

The Mayor of Brighton in a letter to the press appeals for £2,500 sterling to make a garden round the Indian memorial chattri on Patcham Down.

DHARWAR FIRING.

A BREEZE IN COURT.

ACCUSED DECLINE TO CROSS-EXAMINE.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

DHARWAR, Sept. 7.

In the morning, while Sub-Inspector Shivlingappa was giving evidence, he mentioned some of the accused as present in the Magistrate's Court. While the volunteers were being sentenced and the question of identification came, Mr. Mudwedker, pleader, an accused, said they did not want a murderer to approach them. The Court asked what he meant by saying that. Mr. Mudvedker repeated that Shivlingappa was a murderer, that they charged him with murder and they objected to being approached by him. The Judge said he would not allow the Court to be treated with disrespect. Mr. Mudledkar persisted in saying that the witness was a murderer. The Judge said it was contempt of Court to say so. But he would not take any notice of it. The incident was thus closed,

A PLEADER TENDERED FOR CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Mr. Lafman G. Subnis, Pleader, was then tendered for cross-examination. Mr. Kemp said he did not speak against any of the accused and his evidence would not carry the case further. The Judge said the accused could cross-examine him. Mr. Mudwedker said they did not want to cross-examine him, unless they heard him in the Court. Mr. Kemp said his evidence was given before the Magistrate, and a copy had been furnished to the accused and from it they could know what his evidence was. The Court agreed with the suggestion. Mr. Mudwedker said unless he was examined here, they could not decide on the line of action they should take and whether they should cross-examine him. The Judge said he was there for their cross-examination and they could not do as they liked. One of the accused said the Judge should ask the witness important questions to elucidate points. The Court declined. Accused said if the Court thought that the evidence of witness was necessary to meet the ends of justice, it should call on Mr. Subnis to give evidence. The witness was an important one, and if the Court wished it could ask him questions, but they left the whole matter to the Court and declined to ask witness questions. The Court declined to do anything in the matter and the witness went away.

Two more witnesses were tendered for cross-examination, but the accused declined to do so, with thanks. Mr. Kemp had said previously that he would tender several witnesses for cross-examination. As they did not identify the accused and would not carry the case any further, one of the accused had then said that the assessors were ignorant what evidence Mr. Subnis had given before the Magistrate and it was necessary with a view to arrive at correct decision that the evidence should be given before them. The Judge, however, took no notice of this suggestion.

After a constable had given formal evidence one witness was produced for cross-examination. This was declined. Mr. Kemp said only three or four more witnesses would be examined tomorrow and there were no more witnesses.

CAWNPORE MILL WORKMEN'S DEMANDS.

(Associated Press.)

CAWNPORE, Sept. 7.

The Secretary, Mazdursabha, Cawnpore, a body which claims to represent the workmen of the different mills in Cawnpore, addressed, on the 23rd August, 1921, a letter to the Employers' Committee, setting out twenty-one demands on behalf of the workmen. These demands included the following: (a) eight hours' day and an increase of annas two per rupee to piece-workers to make up for the reduction of time, (b) enhancement of wages in proportion to dearth or necessities, taking pre-war conditions as the basis, (c) employers to jointly contribute one lakh of rupees without interest to the cooperative credit bank of employees to liquidate their debts, half the profits to be distributed, as of right, among workmen as an annual bonus, (e) proper provision for old age pensions, (f) recognition of the Mazdur Sabha by the employers, (g) abolition of fines, (h) revision of the list of holidays and fairs, (i) all disputes to be settled by a board of arbitrators.

The employers have replied to the above letter as follows:—The employers of Cawnpore have to-day met to consider these demands, and have gone through them seriatim. As a result, the meeting of employers has unanimously adopted the following resolution:—That the employers of Cawnpore do not believe that the twenty-one new demands presented by the Mazdur Sabha on 23rd August, 1921, represent the expressed desires of the workmen of Cawnpore and the employers have already intimated their willingness to recognise a representative Sabha whose officials are able to control its members. The majority of demands now made are of such a nature as to convince the employers that the present executive of the Sabha has no sense of proportion or responsibility, and the employers, therefore, regret that they are unable to recognise the present organisation of the Sabha as representative of the workmen.

MORADABAD CONFERENCE.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 7.

The District Congress Committee of Moradabad has recommended Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru for the presidentship of the next political conference.

LOOTING OF FOOD-GRAINS.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 7.

An official statement about looting in Meerut says:—On the morning of 3rd instant an altercation arose out of short weight in the mandi between a woman and two buyers. This attracted a sympathetic crowd who laid hands on the buyers and took them off to Tashil, attracting many followers on the way. The Tashildar temporarily pacified the crowd, and went to report the circumstances to the District Magistrate. The police immediately took up the enquiry and challaned the buyers. An armed guard was at once ordered to the mandi, as a precautionary measure but before it could arrive the disorderly elements started looting and a number of shops were cleared. On the arrival of the police, the crowd dispersed and attempted to loot Kaisergunj but only succeeded in clearing one mill before they were again dispersed by the police. The news of the disturbance spread throughout, and a similar outbreak occurred in Lal Kurti Bazaar where six shops were robbed. An attempt at a similar thing in the Sadar Bazaar was checked by the Sub-Inspector of Police. Thereafter, looting ceased and the situation was in hand. A large number of arrests have been made.

MUNITIONS MYSTERIES.

B. P. ASSOCIATION ON NEED OF APPOITNG A COMMISSION.

(Associated Press.)

The following are the resolutions forwarded by the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association to the Government of India in connection with the Munitions case:—The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association, while deeply appreciating the firm stand taken by H. E. Viceroy, urges that in order to restore public confidence, which has been rudely shaken by revelations connected with the withdrawal of the Munitions case, His Excellency should appoint an independent Committee to enquire roughly into the administration of the Munitions Department, and to report thereon with a view to such action being taken as the nature of the case may call for.

That the Council deprecates the creation of an appointment or department for Government prosecutions, and is of opinion that the existing machinery, with proper safeguards ought to be quite adequate for the work.

The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association urges that in the vacancy arising on the resignation of Sir Thomas Holland, a fourth Indian member of the Council should, in accordance with the spirit of the Joint Committee's recommendations, be appointed to take charge of the portfolio of Commerce and Industry

ESCAPE OF RAJSHAHI PRISONERS.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, September 7.

In the July session of the Bengal Legislative Council the non-official members, in spite of the Government opposition, carried a resolution asking for the appointment of a committee to enquire into the unfortunate incidents at Mohanganj Ghat in connection with the escape of prisoners from Rajshahi jail. Government opposed the resolution as the matter had already been officially investigated. Lord Ronaldshay has accepted the resolution of the Council and appointed mixed committee for the purpose.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION IN SCHOOLS.

MADRAS GOVT'S SYMPATHY & SUPPORT.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Sept. 7.

The Madras Government have issued a communique on the subject of religious instruction in schools in which they express the opinion that the time has now arrived for a partial removal of the embargo which has been placed hitherto on the introduction of religious instruction in publicly-managed schools and the complete removal of minor restrictions which, at present, are supposed to hamper such instruction so as at least to remove the impression which is understood to exist that Government are hostile to the encouragement of religious instruction. They are disposed to consider the grant of the following concessions in respect of publicly-managed schools and colleges, (a) the utility of school premises for religious teaching or simple prayers; (b) the utilization of services of teachers of institutions for such instruction where they voluntarily undertake the work; (c) making religious teaching or observance compulsory for boys whose parents or guardians have expressed a wish that this should be done; and (d) deducting the time spent by any boy on religious teaching or observance from the prescribed curriculum period preferably at the beginning or the end of the schools day. They are inviting the views of local bodies, district educational councils and other public bodies and individuals who are qualified to express an opinion in religious educational work.

NATAL RURAL DEALERS LICENSING ORDINANCE.

DISALLOWED BY GOVERNER GENERAL.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA,)Sept. 7.

The following press communique is issued:—Intimation has been received from His Majesty's Secretary of State for India that the Natal Rural Dealers licensing Ordinance 1921, which aroused considerable resentment among Indians while it was before the Natal Council, has been disallowed by the Governor-General of the Union of South Africa.

JUSTICE AND THE CHRONICLE

(Continued from previous page.)

opportunity yesterday of knowing the grounds of complaint.

It has been alleged that "the statements in the reports of the 25th and the 26th August are incorrect and not justified by anything that took place in the Court." It has also been asserted by the Public Prosecutor that those statements "are positively false and are of such a nature as is likely to embarrass and prejudice a fair trial and amount to a contempt of court."

In the first place, I beg to enter my emphatic protest against such a sweeping allegation by what in the circumstances is to be regarded as an interested party, to prejudice your mind against my reports. The reports are an absolutely correct and impartial description of what took place in the open Court. As regards the propriety or otherwise of certain things or expressions used in the course of the proceedings in Court, I have no desire to constitute myself a judge. My business, as a newspaper reporter, is to report things correctly and notwithstanding the interested and at the same time unwarranted allegations of the Public Prosecutor, I feel I have discharged my duty with a due sense of responsibility and I have certainly no reason to regret it.

To take the Statement B of the Complaint first: "They said Mr. Kokje was assisted in this business, etc".; the Public Prosecutor has alleged that it is ,'false and mischievous," and has insinuated "that it referred to the witness for the Prosecution who was still to be examined." I regret to find that an official of the Public Prosecutor's responsibility has allowed his feelings to outrun his discretion, and make a reckless allegation against me by presenting the statement detached from its context. This and the succeeding allegation, which is even more wild and reckless, have been made, I believe, with a view to prejudice you against the representative of a newspaper of first-class standing, in order to prevent publicity of the many inconvenient disclosures that are daily being made by the prosecution witnesses against the case for the prosecution, and further to prevent me from laying bare in the columns of my newspaper, the discomfiture that the prosecution has suffered.

The Statement B. in the complaint which the Public Prosecutor now solemnly declares as "false and mischievous" is borne out or at any rate should be borne out by the records of the Court, especially with reference to the examination of the witness Wahab and others. It is amazing that the Public Prosecutor should take exception to my reporting what the witnesses have stated in the course of their evidence before the Court.

With reference to Statement C. of the complaint, I am astonished to find the Public Prosecutor arrogating to himself the role of infallibility, and making an assertion for which his position affords no warrant. It is to be regretted very much that the Public Prosecutor has indulged in language which I consider as altogether unworthy of a pleader of any standing. I must again enter my protest against his unwarranted assumption that the statement complained of, viz., "Counsel remarked: 'It is no wonder, etc'", was not made by Counsel or that I got it secondhand from someone. Mr. Pradhan's remarks in this behalf are grossly improper and I hope the Court will sternly put its foot down on such tactics, irrespective of the fact whether they emanate from one party or another. About the publication of any remarks in the course of the proceedings and heard at the reporters' table, I cannot for a moment allow the Public Prosecutor, however eminent and infallible he may consider himself to be, to usurp the functions of a Newspaper Censor. Such presumption on the part of the gentleman of the law is ridiculous, if not impertinent. It is the privilege of the Court to afford protection even to newspaper reporters against such malicious and partisan attacks like the one indulged in by the Public Prosecutor, and I trust that with an impartiality that becomes the Bench, you will be pleased to afford me protection against these unwarranted and baseless attacks.

There is one other statement in the complaint viz, Statement A. This is a matter, I submit, does not come within the purview of the Court, in as much as it refers to an extraneous incident, and as such the Court ought to take no cognizance of it. If the complainant feels aggrieved by my remarks it is open to him to have recourse to such remedies as the law affords him. I am reluctently therefore compelled not to discuss this matter here.

On the only point on which you expressed your displeasure while speaking to me yesterday, I have no hesitation in once again expressing to you my regret. As I have already stated, it was never my intention to cast any slur on the Court, though it seems to me under the circumstances, that a clever attempt has been made by the Public Prosecutor to misrepresent the matter with a view apparently to prejudice your mind against "The Chronicle".

I beg to submit that the order you were pleased to pass yesterday is both unjust and unfair, based as it was on the one-sided and frivolous complaint of the Public Prosecutor. I have already explained to you that I specially came down here yesterday on hearing that the prosecution were waiting for my return to make an application against me. I did not want it to be suggested against me that I was purposely keeping away from Nasik because I could not face allegations against me. This can be easily verified by the Court. However that may be, I regret very much that you should have issued an unfair order excluding me until I apologized for statements which I have no reason to regret, without hearing me in my defence in respect of such statements.

The order does not affect my position immediately, as when I came here yesterday it was not my intention to stay over beyond to-day, though if the order were continued it might prevent me from returning to the Court when in my opinion the importance of the evidence requires my presence. The order is not likely to do any good, and on the other hand is, I am afraid, bound to cause considerable misunderstanding in the public mind as to the course of the trial.

Taking advantage of your order, however unfair it may be, I am returning at once to Bombay but I trust you will be pleased to reconsider the matter in the light of the explanation I have offered above and withdraw the order. I should thank you to kindly let me have your final decision, in any case.

I have the honour etc.

(Sd.) R. VENKAT RAM,

Special Correspondent,
"The Bombay Chronicle."

NON-CO-OPERATION.

NEWS FROM ALL QUARTERS.

Non-co-operation is reported to be making satisfactory progress in Utkal. Congress membership is said to number 48,300 and the amount collected for the T. S. Fund was Rs. 23,847. The charkha movement and arbitration courts are also coming into prominence.

At the inauguration ceremony of the Madanpura (Bombay) Khilafat Committee which took place on the 2nd inst., Mr. Moazzam Ali, who presided, exhorted the audience to join the Khilafat Committee and help the Angora Government. A number of speakers followed, all speaking on Khilafat and Swaraj.

A Drug message dated the 6th inst. says:—During the recent visit of the Governor of C. P., there was a complete *Hartal*. There were no hackney carriages plying for hire at the time of the Governor's arrival. The non-officials did not take part in the function that took place in the local Middle School in honour of his visit and only one Malguzar gave a garden party.

ALL-INDIA KHILAFAT CONFERENCE.

The Secretaries of the Khilafat Committee Ahmedabad, write to us for publication: At a meeting of the Ahmedabad Khilafat Committee, held on 5th September, under the Presidency of Maulana Janab Syed Ahmed Saheb Alavi, it was resolved to form a reception Committee to arrange for the ensuing Session of the Khilafat Conference in the month of December and it was also resolved to convene a meeting of the Reception Committee soon after the 20th instant to elect the office-bbearers. Persons joining the Reception Committee up to that date will be entitled to vote for the election of the office-bearers. It is earnestly hoped that all Hindu and Mahomedan brethren feeling interested in the Khilafat Question will join the Reception Committee. Forms for membership can be had on application to the Khilafat Office, Salapos Road, Ahmedabad.

The fees for membership are as under:—

(1) For persons having a domicile in Gujarat Rs. 10.

(2) For others Rs. 15.

ARMY CONTRACTORS' FATE.

PROPOSAL TO REPLACE THEM BY OTHER AGENT.

(From our own Correspondent)

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

General Sir Macmunn Quartermaster-General in India received yesterday afternoon a deputation of All India Army Contractors' Association which made a strong representation against the proposal of Army Head-quarters to replace present Indian army contractors who control regimental centres by army council on model of Navy and Army Canteen Board. The suggested change the deputation added had no justification as the contractors had in the past given entire satisfaction to Commanding Officers in all centres and that carrying into effect the new proposal would practically mean ruining so many contractors who had loyally and unfailingly served the government in the past. Moreover, even many Commanding Officers and Army Commanders did not view favourably the contemplated change.

General Macmunn while admitting excellent service rendered by army contractor pointed out that only experimentally it was intended to transfer contracts to Navy and Army Canteen Boards in few places in order to provide for emergencies during wartime. The deputation remarked that in view of the manner in which they had been discharging their duties in the past there was no reason why a new departure be made because even experiments in some centres would result in ruin to contractors in those places. Genl. Macmunn thereupon asked the deputation to meet him again at a later date.

TO INDIANISE POLICE SERVICE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, September 7.

Yesterday the Bengal Legislative Council, by a non-official majority, adopted resolution that further recruitmen in England of the remaining 13 Assistant Superintendents or Police be not made The mover and the supporters said they wanted to Indianise the Police Service. Sir Henry Wheeler pointed out that unless the orders of the Secretary of State were altered the recruitment should be done constitutionally The resolution was however carried by a non-official majority.

COUNCIL OF MSMIT-UL-ULEMA.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Sept. 5.

The Council of Msmit-ul-Ulema, which beets here on 21st Sept., will consider the appointment of a commission of enquiry into the Moplah riots, the question of election of Amir-I-Shariat for India, confiscation of the collective *fatwa* of Ulemas, and the duty of Mussalmans towards the only Muslim kingdom of Angora.

N. C. O. IN U. P.

SWADESHI PROPAGANDA.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 7.

The reports of Khilafat and Non-Co-operation meetings are being received from several districts in the United Provinces where leaders seem very active. Srimatis Savitri Devi and Janki Bai did propaganda work in Ghazipur and Jaunpur. The attitude of the municipal board was condemned for not subscribing to the Swaraj Fund. Maulana Mahomed Fakher of Allahabad presided at a meeting at Fyzabad at which a resolution was passed about devotion to the person and the throne of the Sultan of Turkey. Meetings were held also at Rae Bareli and at Dalaman Langunge. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressed meetings at the latter place where it is said almost all the cloth merchants took pledge in writing not to purchase or sell foreign cloth for one year. Meetings were also held at Basti and Hardwar and at Hathras an attempt was made to boycott Baldeo Chattia Mela. The Gorakhpur Muslims expressed regret at the Moplah disturbances. At Amroha the Sunne Mussalmans passed a resolution opposing the proposed infringement of their civil rights and threatened to resign their seats on the Municipal Board as they form two-thirds of the populations.

EAST AFRICA INDIAN CONGRESS.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 7.

The following names have been suggested for the Presidentship of the East African Indian National Congress:—Aga Khan, Pandit M. M. Malaviya, Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.

A meeting of the Allahabad Municipal Board will be held on the 8th instant when the question of presenting an address to the Prince of Wales will come up for consideration.

MEASURES FOR PREVENTING DACOITIES.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 7.

Several meetings were held in Lucknow since Sunday to consider what steps should be taken to allay panic caused by the recent dacoities Mr. F. Sladen, Deputy Commissioner, mentions the steps that are being taken. He adds that twenty-one arrests have been made in connection with dacoities which appear to have been the work of one gang and there has been no crime of any importance in the city subsequent to these arrests. Precautionary steps taken include deputing of armed police in addition to civil police for patrol work. Each of the 22 police outposts in the city was provided with fire-arms and the number of such fire-arms is now being further increased. Mounted police are being detailed on picket duty in cooperation with police on patrol.

Rangoon municipality on Tuesday decided to present an address to the Prince of Wales and sanctioned Rs. 15,000 for the purpose. (A. P.).

(Continued from column 6.)

course. I will tell the House quite frankly why I think so. One is a reason that applies to the Turks, and the other reason that applies to the Greeks. The Mustapha Kemal Turks undoubtedly had an exaggerated idea of their own Prowess. They conquered Asia Minor very easily. They gained some very easy victories in Cilicia, and they had a very exaggerated view of their own prowess and a contemptuous estimate of the Greeks' military capacity. Their realization that they were wrong in both those instances will make them none th worse neighbours for Greeks or Italians or Frenchmen or British. The Turk accepts a fact in the end when it is really driven into his mind. There are Greek enthusiasts on the other hand, who, I have no doubt, will realize soon that there are limits to what Greek resources, valour, and skill can accomplish in the fastnesses of Asia Minor. War has one merit, in that it does in the end teach a respect for facts. I think both these races will be easier to deal with when their own limitations have been brought thoroughly clearly to their minds.

A COUNSEL OF MODERATION.

The time for mediation has not arrived; when it does, I have no doubt that the Treaty of Sevres will have to be reconsidered. You cannot expect a country which has waged a successful war to be satisfied with the same terms as a country which is prepared to forgo its full claim in order to avert the terrors and risks of war. May I say this, as one who has never in the least concealed the fact that at any rate he was not hostile to the Greeks? I sincerely trust that the Greeks will not make the mistake which Bulgaria made in 1913, when, after a series of very brilliant victories, which dazzled her people and blinded the vision of some of her statesmen, she insisted upon exaggerated terms and put forward extravagant claims which raised for her a host of enemies, antagonized old friends and ended in her downfall.

As a sincere friend of Greece I trust that Greek statesmanship will not repeat that error. If it does, I am certain it will end in disaster to Greece. Moderation in victory is not less important than victory itself. I go beyond that. I think moderation in victory is more important to a nation even than victory itself, for there are so many tragedies which you find written across the page of history, which have arisen from victory turned to a bad use—a victory immoderately used—and it would have been better for those nations, had they never won that victory. I therefore almost entreat Greek statesmanship not to put its claims too high, but to show its quality by displaying a temperance in victory which will win a greater respect, renown, and security for their country than the most dazzling victory which they could win in the field

PROBLEMS OF ASIA MINOR.

ARMS FOR BELLIGERENTS.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S STATEMENT.

On August 15 in the House of Commons, Mr. Lloyd George, asked by Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy (Hull, Central, L.) whether British firms would be permitted to supply arms to the Turkish forces defending their homelands against the Greeks, as well as to the invaders, said:—His Majesty's Government have no control over the export of arms and ammunition from this country, except that provided by the Orders in Council of March, 24, 1921, which entitle his Majesty's Government to refuse licences for the export of certain arms and ammunition and similar goods. The full list was published in the Board of Trade Journal of March 31 1921. No licences have been issued for Greece or Turkey for any articles on this list since January last. The answer to the last part of the question is in the affirmative. I am not prepared, however, to accept the hon. and gallant member's description of the *roles* of the respective belligerents. We shall be absolutely neutral. No distinction will be drawn between the belligerents.

Lieut.-Com. Kenworthy—Does that mean that we are going to promote this iniquitous traffic?—No reply was given.

Mr. Lloyd George, in answer to Mr. A. Williams (Consett, L.), said:—The problem of the private manufacture of munitions and implements of war by private enterprise is being dealt with by the Temporary Mixed Commission on the Reduction of Armaments, which was appointed by the Council in pursuance of a resolution passed at the first session of the Assembly.

IN ASIA MINOR.

On the following day the Premier after dwelling on the Silesian question at length spoke on the problems of Asia Minor. He said:—

Now I come to another very difficult problem, that is, the problem of Asia Minor. I would like first to give a short summary of the events which led up to the present position. The basis of the Treaty of Sevres was that the parts of the Turkish Empire that were Turkish should remain Turkish, those that were Arab should be Arab, those that were Armenian should be made Armenian, and those that were Greek should be Greek. I will not deal with the Armenian or the Arab questions, because they do not arise at the present moment, but I will refer first to the question of the dispute with Greece. Commissioners were appointed by the Allies to investigate the question of frontiers, questions of population, and to a certain extent to go into the history of these countries. The Commissioner appointed by Great Britain was Sir Robert Borden, the Prime Minister of Canada. There could not have been an abler, more impartial, a more judicial Commissioner. (Hear, hear.). He represented the British Empire on the Commission. By his report and the reports of the various experts assisting him, Smyrna and Thrace were assigned to Greece. This was accepted by the Supreme Council. The French experts came to exactly the same conclusion. There was danger of anarchy and its consequences in these various areas, so France occupied Cilicia with a view largely to protect the Armenian population; the Italians occupied Southern Anatolia, from Adalia up to Scala Nuova for the same purpose, and the Greeks were invited by the Supreme Council to occupy Smyrna and Thrace. If any part of those territories had been assigned to us for protection it would have cost us scores of millions.

Then came the Treaty of Sevres, followed by the Nationalist insurrection. The Greeks were anxious to deal with it immediately, but were held back by the Allies. What has happened since shows that Venizelos was quite justified in the view which he took that he could have disposed of that insurrection without the slightest difficulty, because since then the Nationalists have gathered their forces and in spite of that the Greeks have not encountered up to the present any serious difficulty. The Allies attempted mediation, but unfortunately the Sultan and his Government have lost control and authority, and when we made certain proposals with a view to compromise, unfortunately both Turks and Greeks refused to accept them. There were two alternatives before us. The first was to compel both, because you could not compel the one without compelling the other. Two questions came before us at once. How are you to compel, and whom are you to compel? You might say you would compel the Greeks by threatening to bombard their towns; but what about the Turks? Is there anyone who would have suggested that we should have sent an army up to the mountainous areas of Asia Minor to quell the Turkish insurrection and to force the Turks to come to terms?—to chase them from Eskisher to Angora, from Angora onward wherever it might be? It was an utterly impossible proposition. Therefore we ruled out—compulsion.

There is only one other alternative, and that is to leave both of them to fight it out. Some say we might have referred the matter to the League of Nations. That would have been an unkindness to the League of Nations. How could they have dealt with it? They would only have had the means which the Allies could have placed at their disposal, and there was no Allied Power which would have sent an army for the purpose of enforcing a decision. Therefore you had to leave both to fight it out. We have not given arms to either of them—not a single gun, rifle, or shell. These battles have been fought without any assistance from us either way.

Not only do I think that that was the only course, but I am afraid it is the best

(Continued in column 5.)

THE

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We have the pleasure to inform the shareholders as well as the public that the Company has commenced the construction works at Jhalakati.

The American consulting Engineer who went to Jhalakati prior to designing the Mill, along with two Directors, spoke very highly of the situation of Mills and the surroundings.

The co-coanut Industry, that is to say the extraction of co-coanut oil, the manufacture of Margarine, coir-rope, mattings etc. which are the main objects (amongst others) of the Company, is going to be one of the leading industries in India in near future.

Public is aware of the fact that large quantities of co-coanuts are grown in the following places, viz, Khulna, Jessore, Backergunj, Patuakhali, Noakhali and a few others places in the delta of the Ganges. The Company with a view to utilize the co-coanut from those places found Jhalakati as the most suitable place for the Mill. For the present, the Company shall have to crush both Mustard Seeds and Copra for oil only, but later on when sufficient supply of co-coanuts can be obtained, the Company intends to develop the co-coanut Industry to its full extent, which will be a very profitable business.

For Prospectus and other particulars, please apply to the Head Office at No. 8, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.

KHULNA FAMINE.

DEATHS FROM STARVATION

The President Khulna Famine Relief Fund writes to say:—

Whilst the Hon'ble Member in-charge of the Revenue and Irrigation Department was taking credit to himself and for his department that "in no single place did has come across any who could be described as sufferin gfrom starvation," little did he dream that a grim tragedy was being anacted almost under his eyes, when he was out on his recent tour in the affected area of Khulna. We have no means of knowing who were the officials who constituted themselves as his friends, guides and Philosophers. Sad stories of deaths from starvation have reached us from very reliable sources. We give below the names of the victims:—

1. Haran Seikh; 2. Khater Mandal; 3. Tapol Mandal; 4. Mother of (2) and (3).

It is a matter of great regret that so many deaths should have occurred in one village specially in the area where the Government is giving relief through its District Board agency. It, is, we believe, partly due to the fact that the District Board is working through its own officials who are more anxious for their remuneration then for the lives of others, and whose work is not consequently inspired by love as that of our untiring and indefatigable volunteers. Warnings of the gravity of the situation have been given in the newspapers times without number; but the powers that be remain unmoved and wink at facts.

Peasant lives may not be valuable to the Government but a bold peasantry, the country's pride, can never be replaced when once destroyed. So, the Indian public of whatever party and creed, nay, every person, who loves his fellow creatures should be up and doing to save the many lives that are at a stake in Khulna.

University College of Science
92, Upper Circular Road.
Calcutta, Sept. 3rd 1921.

Dear Mr. Pickthall.

Your cheque for Rs 234-8 As, is to my hand. Please convey my heartfelt thanks to the gentlemen who have made kind contribution to the Khulna Relief Fund.

Yours very sincerely.
P. C. ROY.

P.S.—I have also received cheques of Rs. 50, 51 and 51. Please convey my thanks to the donors.—Yours, etc.

P. C. ROY.

KHULNA RELIEF FUND.

A CHARITY CINEMA SHOW.

The management of the Cinema Majestic are to be congratulated for the splendid benevolent spirit shown by them in setting aside a show the proceeds of which will go towards the relief of a most deserving class of distressed people who have been facing a most calamitous famine in the district of Khulna in Bengal. Reports that have already appeared in the Press have shown conclusively the magnitude of the distress and Sir P. C. Ray is of opinion that about Rs. 1,200 is required weekly to meet the situation.

The Bombay public have been very generous towards the suffering brothers of a sister province and the millowners have also been very kind in making gifts of bales of cloth which will be highly appreciated by Bengal. Now the Cinema going public should come forward and patronise the show to enable the management of the Cinema Majestic to make a handsome present of the gate-money received for the 5-30 p.m. show on the 8th instant. The programme is also a splendid one—*Bhakta Vidur* is now being seen for the second week which proves the popularity of the picture and trust the show will be a tremendous success resulting in a good collection.

We trust the other Cinema Proprietors will not fail to give a charity performance each.

KHULNA FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

	Rs.
K. B. Shah	5
Tayabally Kikabhoy	5
In memory of my mother, S. K. N.	5
M. D. Tambe	5
A. M. Masani	50
Jethabhai Govindji	200
Moolji Damoder	200
N. E. Capadia	25
K. Cassimbhoy	250
P. A. Mantri	5
Chandular M. Contractor	25
In memory of Mr. P. H. Mehta of Surat	25
Cheque sent to Sir P. C. Roy for	800

September 7.

PUNJAB FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

	Rs.
In memory of my mother S. K. N.	5
K. Cassimbhoy	250
P. A. Mantri	5
In memory of Mr. P. H. Mehta of Surat	25
Cheque sent to Pandit Chowdhery	285

September 7.

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& Super Tax
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Public Accountant
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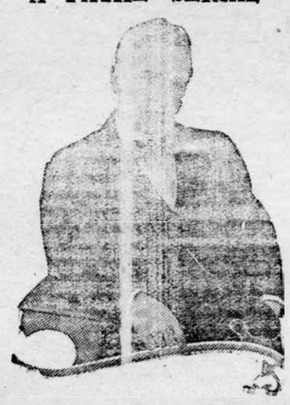
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Are you married? (Pardon, ladies!)
Treat your husbands like a lord?
Care for them like grown-up babies?
Don't do that! It makes them bored.
Husbands! Shun that "other woman;"
Beauty may begin at home;
Wives are often very human;
There's no need for you to roam.
Cecil B. DeMille has taken
To the screen a theme from life
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Better see "Why Change Your Wife?"

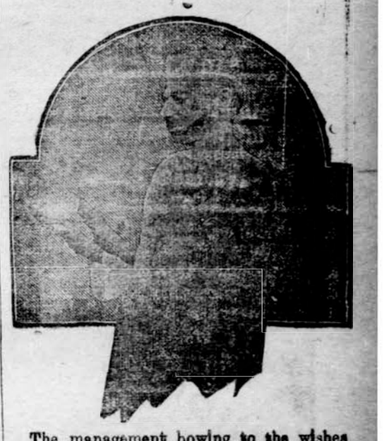
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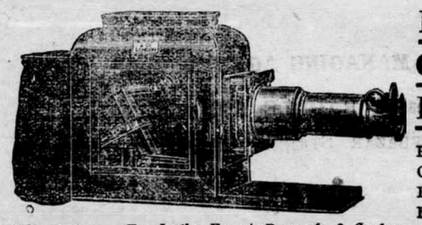
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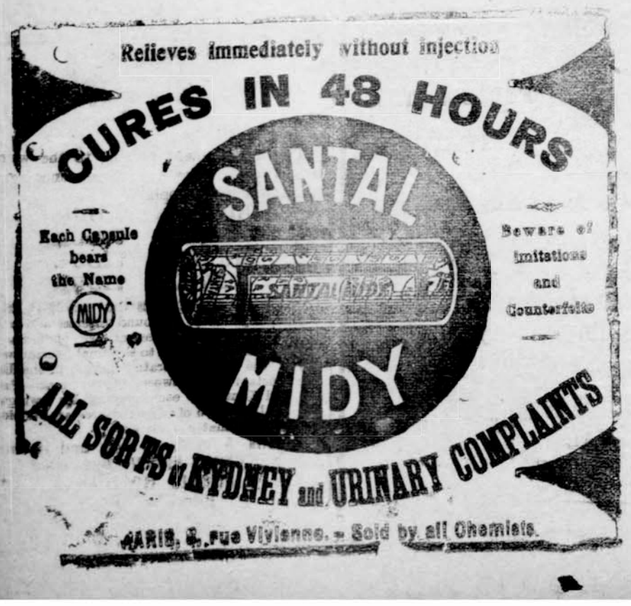
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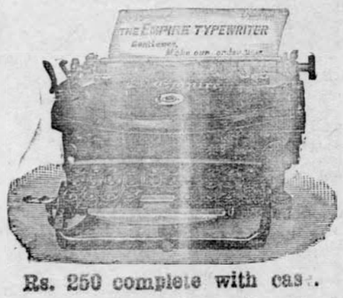
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